INVERTER FR-E700 INSTRUCTION MANUAL (BASIC) FR-E720-0.1KSC to 15KSC FR-E740-0.4KSC to 15KSC FR-E720S-0.1KSC to 2.2KSC

Thank you for choosing this Mitsubishi Inverter. This Instruction Manual (Basic) provides handling information and precautions for use of the equipment. Please forward this Instruction Manual (Basic) to the end user.

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[10] SPECIFICATIONS

To obtain the Instruction Manual (Applied) and the Safety stop function instruction manual

Contact where you purchased the inverter, your Mitsubishi sales representative, or the nearest Mitsubishi FA Center for the following manual:

• Instruction Manual (Applied) [IB(NA)-0600277ENG]

• Safety stop function instruction manual [BCN-A211508-004]

These manuals are required if you are going to utilize functions and performance.

The PDF versions of these manuals are also available for download at "MELFANS Web," the Mitsubishi Electric FA network service on the world wide web (URL: http://www.MitsubishiElectric.co.jp/melfansweb).















This Instruction Manual (Basic) provides handling information and precautions for use of the equipment. Please forward this Instruction Manual (Basic) to the end user.

This section is specifically about safety matters

Do not attempt to install, operate, maintain or inspect the inverter until you have read through the Instruction Manual (Basic) and appended documents carefully and can use the equipment correctly. Do not use this product until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions.

In this Instruction Manual (Basic), the safety instruction levels are classified into "WARNING" and "CAUTION".



Incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight injury, or may cause only material damage.

The \triangle CAUTION level may even lead to a serious consequence according to conditions. Both instruction levels must be followed because these are important to personal safety.

1. Electric Shock Prevention

- While power is ON or when the inverter is running, do not open the front cover. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not run the inverter with the front cover or wiring cover removed. Otherwise you may access the exposed highvoltage terminals or the charging part of the circuitry and get an electric shock.
- Even if power is OFF, do not remove the front cover except for wiring or periodic inspection. You may accidentally touch the charged inverter circuits and get an electric shock.
- Before wiring or inspection, power must be switched OFF. To confirm that, LED indication of the operation panel must be checked. (It must be OFF.) Any person who is involved in wiring or inspection shall wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. The capacitor is charged with high voltage for some time after power OFF, and it is dangerous.
- This inverter must be earthed (grounded). Earthing (grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical code (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards). A neutral-point earthed (grounded) power supply for 400V
- A neutral-point earthed (grounded) power supply for 400v class inverter in compliance with EN standard must be used. Any person who is involved in wiring or inspection of this
- Any person who is involved in wiring or inspection of this equipment shall be fully competent to do the work.
- The inverter must be installed before wiring. Otherwise you may get an electric shock or be injured.
- Setting dial and key operations must be performed with dry hands to prevent an electric shock.
- Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- Do not change the cooling fan while power is ON. It is dangerous to change the cooling fan while power is ON.
- Do not touch the printed circuit board or handle the cables with wet hands. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.
- When measuring the main circuit capacitor capacity, the DC voltage is applied to the motor for 1s at powering OFF. Never touch the motor terminal, etc. right after powering OFF to prevent an electric shock.

2. Fire Prevention

- Inverter must be installed on a nonflammable wall without holes (so that nobody touches the inverter heatsink on the rear side, etc.). Mounting it to or near flammable material can cause a fire.
- If the inverter has become faulty, the inverter power must be switched OFF. A continuous flow of large current could cause a fire.
- When using a brake resistor, a sequence that will turn OFF power when a fault signal is output must be configured. Otherwise the brake resistor may overheat due to damage of the brake transistor and possibly cause a fire.
- Do not connect a resistor directly to the DC terminals P/+ and N/-. Doing so could cause a fire.

3.Injury Prevention

- The voltage applied to each terminal must be the ones specified in the Instruction Manual. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- The cables must be connected to the correct terminals. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Polarity must be correct. Otherwise burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- While power is ON or for some time after power-OFF, do not touch the inverter as they will be extremely hot. Doing so can cause burns.

4. Additional Instructions

Also the following points must be noted to prevent an accidental failure, injury, electric shock, etc.

(1) Transportation and Mounting

- The product must be transported in correct method that corresponds to the weight. Failure to do so may lead to injuries.
- Do not stack the boxes containing inverters higher than the number recommended.
- The product must be installed to the position where withstands the weight of the product according to the information in the Instruction Manual.
- Do not install or operate the inverter if it is damaged or has parts missing.
- When carrying the inverter, do not hold it by the front cover or setting dial; it may fall off or fail.
- Do not stand or rest heavy objects on the product.
- The inverter mounting orientation must be correct.
- Foreign conductive objects must be prevented from entering the inverter. That includes screws and metal fragments or other flammable substance such as oil.
- As the inverter is a precision instrument, do not drop or subject it to impact.
- The inverter must be used under the following environment. Otherwise the inverter may be damaged.

	Surrounding air temperature	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing)
	Ambient humidity	90%RH or less (non-condensing)
	Storage temperature	-20°C to +65°C *1
Ĺ	Atmosphere	Indoors (free from corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt)
	Altitude/ vibration	Maximum 1,000m above sea level. 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)
*	1 Temperatu	re applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.

(2) Wiring

- Do not install a power factor correction capacitor or surge suppressor/capacitor type filter on the inverter output side. These devices on the inverter output side may be overheated or burn out.
- The connection orientation of the output cables U, V, W to the motor affects the rotation direction of the motor.

(3) Trial run

 Before starting operation, each parameter must be confirmed and adjusted. A failure to do so may cause some machines to make unexpected motions.

(4) Usage

- Any person must stay away from the equipment when the retry function is set as it will restart suddenly after trip.
- Since pressing (STOP) key may not stop output depending
- on the function setting status, separate circuit and switch that make an emergency stop (power OFF, mechanical brake operation for emergency stop, etc.) must be provided.
- OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter alarm with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.
- The inverter must be used for three-phase induction motors. Connection of any other electrical equipment to the inverter output may damage the equipment.
- Do not modify the equipment.
- Do not perform parts removal which is not instructed in this manual. Doing so may lead to fault or damage of the product.

- The electronic thermal relay function does not guarantee protection of the motor from overheating. It is recommended to install both an external thermal and PTC thermistor for overheat protection.
- Do not use a magnetic contactor on the inverter input for frequent starting/stopping of the inverter. Otherwise the life of the inverter decreases.
- The effect of electromagnetic interference must be reduced by using a noise filter or by other means. Otherwise nearby electronic equipment may be affected.
- Appropriate measures must be taken to suppress harmonics. Otherwise power supply harmonics from the inverter may heat/damage the power factor correction capacitor and generator.
- When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, the motor must be an insulation-enhanced motor or measures must be taken to suppress surge voltage. Surge voltage attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor.
- When parameter clear or all parameter clear is performed, the required parameters must be set again before starting operations because all parameters return to the initial value.
- The inverter can be easily set for high-speed operation. Before changing its setting, the performances of the motor and machine must be fully examined.
- Stop status cannot be hold by the inverter's brake function. In addition to the inverter's brake function, a holding device must be installed to ensure safety.
- Before running an inverter which had been stored for a long period, inspection and test operation must be performed.
- For prevention of damage due to static electricity, nearby metal must be touched before touching this product to eliminate static electricity from your body.

(5) Emergency stop

- A safety backup such as an emergency brake must be provided to prevent hazardous condition to the machine and equipment in case of inverter failure.
- When the breaker on the inverter input side trips, the wiring must be checked for fault (short circuit), and internal parts of the inverter for a damage, etc. The cause of the trip must be identified and removed before turning ON the power of the breaker.
- When any protective function is activated, appropriate corrective action must be taken, and the inverter must be reset before resuming operation.

(6) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement

 Do not carry out a megger (insulation resistance) test on the control circuit of the inverter. It will cause a failure.

(7) Disposal

• The inverter must be treated as industrial waste.

General instruction

Many of the diagrams and drawings in this Instruction Manual (Basic) show the inverter without a cover or partially open for explanation. Never operate the inverter in this manner. The cover must be always reinstalled and the instruction in this Instruction Manual (Basic) must be followed when operating the inverter.

<Abbreviation>

- PU: Operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU04, FR-PU07)
- Inverter: Mitsubishi inverter FR-E700 series safety stop function model
- FR-E700: Mitsubishi inverter FR-E700 series safety stop function model
- Pr.: Parameter number (Number assigned to function)
- PU operation: Operation using the PU (operation panel/FR-PU04/FR-PU07)
- · External operation: Operation using the control circuit signals
- · Combined operation : Operation using the PU (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) and external operation
- Standard motor : SF-JR
- Constant torque motor : SF-HRCA
- <Trademark>
- LONWORKS® is a registered trademark of Echelon Corporation in the U.S.A and other countries.
- Company and product names herein are the trademarks and registered trademarks of their respective owners.

 Mark>

REMARKS: Additional helpful contents and relations with other functions are written.

Note: Contents requiring caution or cases when set functions are not activated are written.



POINT: Useful contents and points are written.

<Related document>

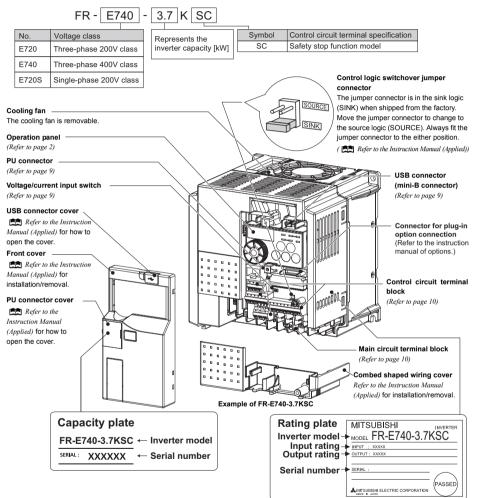
- Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied) for further information on the following points.
- · Removal and reinstallation of the cover
- · Connection of stand-alone option unit
- · EMC and leakage currents
- · Detailed explanation on parameters
- Troubleshooting
- · Check first when you have a trouble
- · Inspection items (life diagnosis, cooling fan replacement)
- · Measurement of main circuit voltages, currents and powers
- · For customers who are replacing the conventional model with this inverter

1 OUTLINE

1.1 Product checking and parts identification

Unpack the inverter and check the capacity plate on the front cover and the rating plate on the inverter side face to ensure that the product agrees with your order and the inverter is intact.

Inverter model



Accessory

Fan cover fixing screws (M3 \times 35mm)

These screws are necessary for compliance with the EU Directive (Refer to page 49)

Capacity	Quantity
FR-E720-1.5KSC to 3.7KSC, FR-E740-1.5KSC to 3.7KSC, FR-E720S-0.75KSC to 2.2KSC	1
FR-E720-5.5KSC to 15KSC, FR-E740-5.5KSC to 15KSC	2

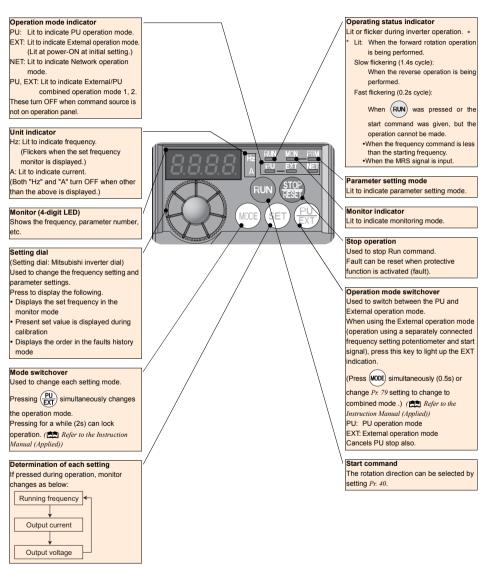
Harmonic suppression guideline (when inverters are used in Japan)

All models of general-purpose inverters used by specific consumers are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage". (For further details, 💼 *refer to Chapter 3 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)*.)

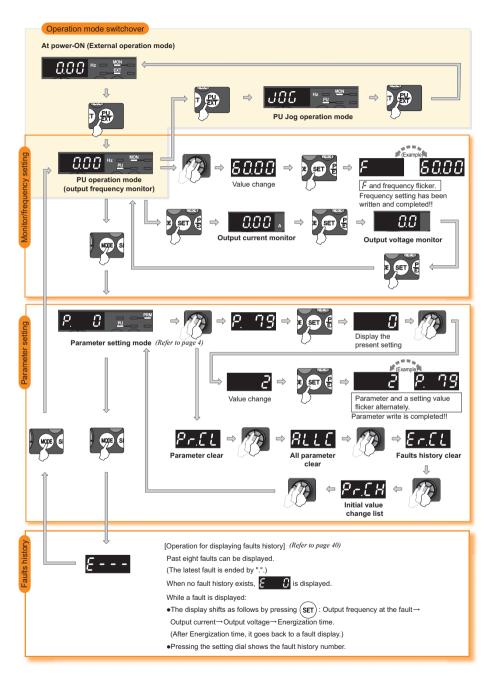
1.2 Operation panel

1.2.1 Names and functions of the operation panel

The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter.



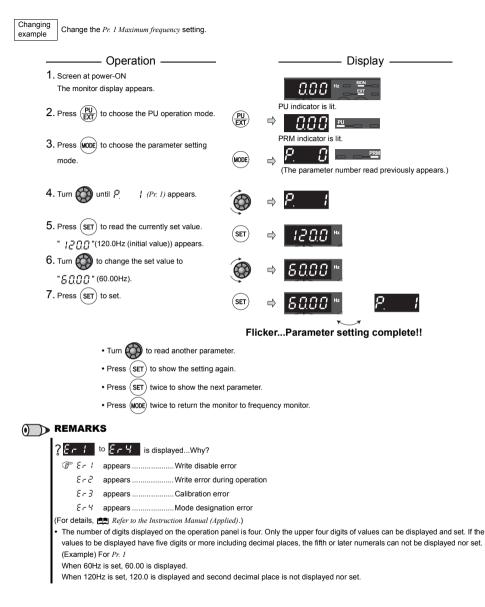
1.2.2 Basic operation (factory setting)



3

🌱 Operation panel

1.2.3 Changing the parameter setting value

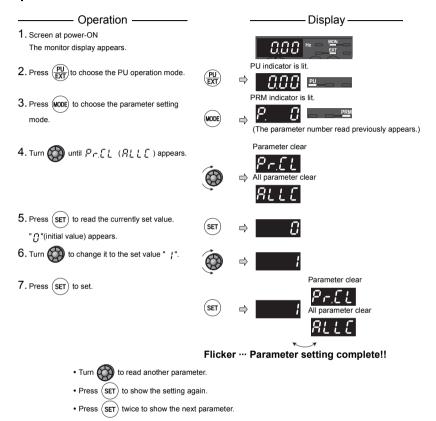


1.2.4 Parameter clear/all parameter clear

POINT

• Set "1" in *Pr.CL Parameter clear, ALLC all parameter clear* to initialize all parameters. (Parameters are not cleared when "1" is set in *Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.*)

Refer to the extended parameter list of finite instruction Manual (Applied) for parameters cleared with this operation.



Setting	Description
0	Not executed.
1	Sets parameters back to the initial values. (Parameter clear sets back all parameters except calibration parameters and terminal function selection parameters to the initial values.) Refer to the parameter list of the Instruction Manual (Applied) for availability of parameter clear and all parameter clear.

REMARKS

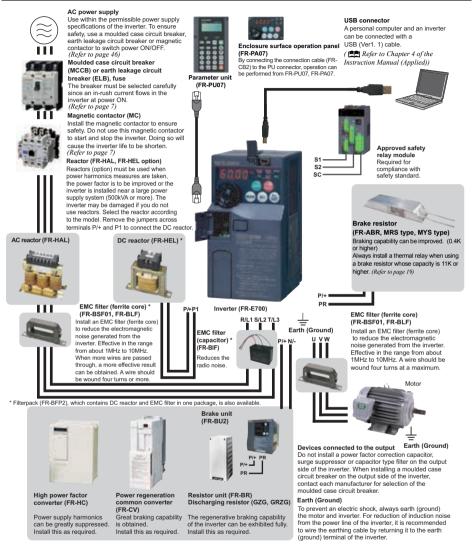
and $\mathcal{E} \cap \mathcal{H}$ are displayed alternately ... Why?

 ${\mathfrak P}$ The inverter is not in the PU operation mode.

PU connector or USB connector is used.

- 1. Press (PU)/(EVT). [PU] is lit and the monitor (4-digit LED) displays "1". (When Pr. 79 = "0" (initial value))
- 2. Carry out operation from step 6 again.

INSTALLATION AND WIRING 2



NOTE

- The life of the inverter is influenced by surrounding air temperature. The surrounding air temperature should be as low as possible within the permissible range. This must be noted especially when the inverter is installed in an enclosure. (Reference)
- to page 8) Wrong wiring might lead to damage of the inverter. The control signal lines must be kept fully away from the main circuit to protect them from noise. (Refer to page 9) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side.
- This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected, immediately remove them. Electromagnetic wave interference

The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, install options among the capacitor type EMC filter FR-BIF (for use in the input side only), the ferrite core type EMC filter FR-BSF01/FR-BLF, filterpack, and EMC filter to minimize the interference. (Capter 1 of Chapter 3 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)). Refer to the instruction manual of each option and peripheral devices for details of peripheral devices.

2.1 Peripheral devices

Check the inverter model of the inverter you purchased. Appropriate peripheral devices must be selected according to the capacity. Refer to the following list and prepare appropriate peripheral devices.

Applicable Inverter Model		Motor Output	(MCC) or Earth Leakag (EL	Circuit Breaker CB) *1 e Circuit Breaker B) *2	*	ontactor (MC)	Reactor	
		(kW)	Reactor of	connection	Reactor c	onnection	FR-HAL	FR-HEL
			without	with	without	with	TR-HAL	
	FR-E720-0.1KSC	0.1	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4
	FR-E720-0.2KSC	0.2	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4
>	FR-E720-0.4KSC	0.4	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	0.4K	0.4K
200V	FR-E720-0.75KSC	0.75	10A	10A	S-N10	S-N10	0.75K	0.75K
	FR-E720-1.5KSC	1.5	15A	15A	S-N10	S-N10	1.5K	1.5K
Three-Phase	FR-E720-2.2KSC	2.2	20A	15A	S-N10	S-N10	2.2K	2.2K
ц.	FR-E720-3.7KSC	3.7	30A	30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N10	3.7K	3.7K
Pre	FR-E720-5.5KSC	5.5	50A	40A	S-N25	S-N20, S-N21	5.5K	5.5K
F	FR-E720-7.5KSC	7.5	60A	50A	S-N25	S-N25	7.5K	7.5K
	FR-E720-11KSC	11	75A	75A	S-N35	S-N35	11K	11K
	FR-E720-15KSC	15	125A	100A	S-N50	S-N50	15K	15K
	FR-E740-0.4KSC	0.4	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	H0.4K	H0.4K
>	FR-E740-0.75KSC	0.75	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	H0.75K	H0.75K
400V	FR-E740-1.5KSC	1.5	10A	10A	S-N10	S-N10	H1.5K	H1.5K
e 4	FR-E740-2.2KSC	2.2	15A	10A	S-N10	S-N10	H2.2K	H2.2K
has	FR-E740-3.7KSC	3.7	20A	15A	S-N10	S-N10	H3.7K	H3.7K
Three-Phase	FR-E740-5.5KSC	5.5	30A	20A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N11, S-N12	H5.5K	H5.5K
hre	FR-E740-7.5KSC	7.5	30A	30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N20, S-N21	H7.5K	H7.5K
F	FR-E740-11KSC	11	50A	40A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N20, S-N21	H11K	H11K
	FR-E740-15KSC	15	60A	50A	S-N25	S-N20, S-N21	H15K	H15K
2	FR-E720S-0.1KSC	0.1	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4
200V	FR-E720S-0.2KSC	0.2	5A	5A	S-N10	S-N10	0.4K *4	0.4K *4
ase	FR-E720S-0.4KSC	0.4	10A	10A	S-N10	S-N10	0.75K *4	0.75K *4
Ph	FR-E720S-0.75KSC	0.75	15A	10A	S-N10	S-N10	1.5K *4	1.5K *4
l =	FR-E720S-1.5KSC	1.5	20A	20A	S-N10	S-N10	2.2K *4	2.2K *4
Single-Phase	FR-E720S-2.2KSC	2.2	40A	30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N10	3.7K *4	3.7K *4

*1 •Select an MCCB according to the power supply capacity. •Install one MCCB per inverter.

MCCB INV (IM) MCCB-

*2 For the use in the United States or Canada, select a UL and cUL certified fuse with Class T fuse equivalent cut-off speed or faster with the appropriate rating for branch circuit protection. Alternatively, select a UL489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB). (Refer to page 52)

speed of faster with the appropriate rating to transfer circuit protection. Autematively, select a 0L459 moded case circuit breaker (MCCB), (*rkger to page 32*) *3 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

When using the MC for emergency stop during motor driving or using on the motor side during commercial-power supply operation, select the MC with class AC-3 rated current for the motor rated current.

*4 The power factor may be slightly lower.



NOTE

• When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter model and cable and reactor according to the motor output.

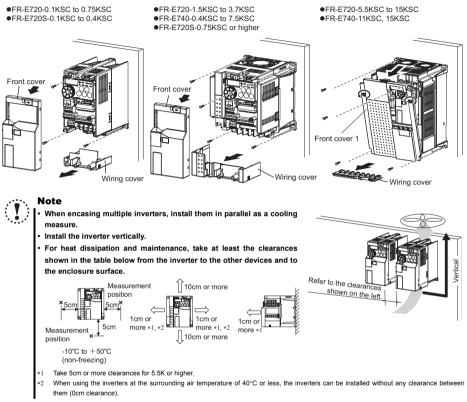
When the breaker on the inverter input side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of
the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power ON the breaker.

2.2 Installation of the inverter and instructions

(1) Installation of the inverter

Enclosure surface mounting

Remove the front cover and wiring cover to fix the inverter to the surface. (Remove the covers in the directions of the arrows.)



(2) Environment

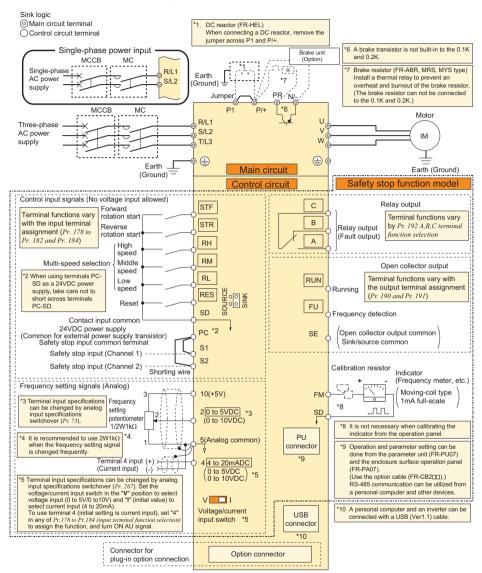
Before installation, check that the environment meets the specifications on page 47.

Note Insta

- Install the inverter on a strong surface securely and vertically with bolts.
- · Leave enough clearances and take cooling measures.
- · Avoid places where the inverter is subjected to direct sunlight, high temperature and high humidity.
- Install the inverter on a nonflammable wall surface.

2.3 Wiring

2.3.1 Terminal connection diagram





NOTE

- To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also
 separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.
- · After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.
- Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.
- The output of the single-phase power input model is three-phase 200V.

2.3.2 Terminal specifications

Ту	pe	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description						
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply. Keep these terminals open when using the high power factor converter (FR-HC) or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV). * When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/L2.						
		U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.						
i.	IICUI	P/+, PR	Brake resistor connection	Connect a brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR) acros (The brake resistor can not be connected to the 0.1K or 0.2K)	s terminals P/+ and PR.					
Moio oironit	VIAILI C	P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	Connect the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common power factor converter (FR-HC).	converter (FR-CV) or high					
	-		DC power input	Connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and n	ninus side to terminal N/					
		P/+, P1	DC reactor connection	Remove the jumper across terminals P/+ and P1 and connect a	DC reactor.					
			Earth (Ground)	For earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Must be earthed ((grounded).					
		STF	Forward rotation start	Turn ON the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it OFF to stop. Turn ON the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it OFF	When the STF and STR signals are turned ON					
		STR	simultaneously, the stop command is given.							
		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of RI	H, RM and RL signals.					
		RES	Reset	Used to reset alarm output provided when protective circuit is activated. Turn ON the RES signal for more than 0.1s, then turn it OFF. Initial setting is for reset always. By setting $Pr.75$, reset can be set to enabled only at fault occurrence. Recover about 1s after reset is cancelled.						
	out		Contact input common (sink) (initial setting)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (sink logic) and terr	ninal FM.					
ignal	Contact input			Connect this terminal to the power supply common terminal of a collector output) device, such as a programmable controller, in malfunction by undesirable current.	mable controller, in the source logic to avoid					
nput s	ő		24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC ter Isolated from terminals 5 and SE.	minal).					
Control circuit/input signal			External transistor common (sink) (initial setting)	Connect this terminal to the power supply common terminal of a collector output) device, such as a programmable controller, in malfunction by undesirable current.						
Contro		PC	Contact input common (source)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (source logic).						
			24VDC power supply	Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.						
			Safety stop input terminal common	Common terminal for safety stop input terminals S1 and S2.						
	Safety stop function *	S1 Safety stop input (Channel 1)		S1/S2 are safety stop signals for use with in conjunction with an approved external safety unit. Both S1/S2 must be used in dual channel form. Inverter output is shutoff depending on shorting/opening between S1 and PC, S2 and PC.	Input resistance 4.7kΩ Voltage when contacts are open 21 to 26VDC					
	Safety stop	S2	Safety stop input (Channel 2)	In the initial status, terminal S1 and S2 are shorted with terminal PC by shorting wire. Remove the shorting wire and connect the safety relay module when using the safety stop function. 21 to 26VDC When contacts are short- circuited 4 to 6mADC						

* For more details, refer to the Safety stop function instruction manual (BCN-A211508-004). (Refer to the front cover for how to obtain the manual.)

2

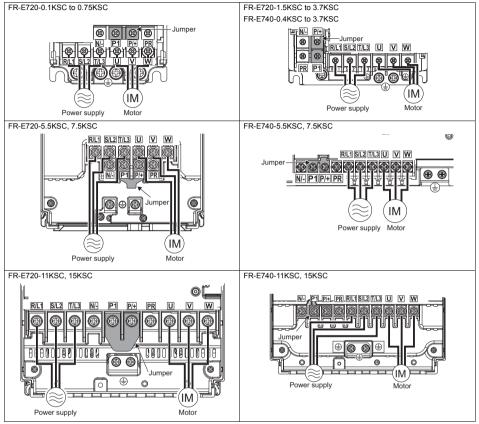
Ту	ре	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description						
		10	Frequency setting power supply		5VDC permissible load current 10mA					
		2 Frequency setting (voltage)			Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC					
Control circuit/input signal	Frequency setting	4	Frequency setting (current)	(initial setting is current input), set "4" to any of <i>Pr</i> :178 to <i>Pr</i> :184 (input terminal function selection), and turn AU signal ON. Use <i>Pr</i> :267 to switch among input 4 to 20MA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC, and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to 10V).	Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC Current input: Input resistance $233\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ Maximum permissible current 30mA.					
		5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminals 2	and 4). Do not earth (ground).					
	Relay	A, B, C	Relay output (fault output)	1 changeover contact output indicates that the inverter fault occurs. Fault discontinuity across B and C (continuity across A and C), Normal: continuity across B and C (discontinuity across A and C) Contact capacity 230VAC 0.3A (power factor = 0.4) 30VDC 0.3A						
signal		RUN	Inverter running	higher than the starting frequency (initial value 0.5Hz). Switched High during stop or DC injection brake operation.*	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V					
Control circuit/output signal	Open collector	FU	Frequency detection	Switched Low when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the preset detected frequency and High when less than the preset detected frequency.*	maximum when the signal is ON) • Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON (conducts). High is when the transistor is OFF (does not conduct).					
Cor		SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RUN and FU.						
	Pulse	Permissible load current 1mA 1440 pulses/s at 60Hz								
Communication		-	PU connector	With the PU connector, RS-485 communication can be established. · Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) · Communication speed: 4800 to 38400bps · Overall extension: 500m						
i uuuuuu		-	USB connector	A personal computer and an inverter can be connected with a USB (Ver1.1) cable. Interface: conforms to USB1.1 · Transmission Speed: 12Mbps · Connector: USB mini B connector (receptacle mini B type)						

Note

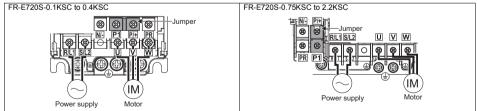
- Set Pr. 267 and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting. Applying a voltage with voltage/current input switch in "I" position (current input is selected) or a current with switch in "V" position (voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of output devices.
- The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring.
- indicates that terminal functions can be selected using Pr. 178 to Pr. 182, Pr. 184 and Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 (I/O terminal function selection).
- Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.
- When connecting the DC power supply, be sure to connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and
 minus side to terminal N/-. Opposite polarity will damage the inverter.

2.3.3 Terminal arrangement of the main circuit terminal, power supply and the motor wiring

Three-phase 200V/400V class



Single-phase 200V class



NOTE

- Make sure the power cables are connected to the R/L1, S/L2, and T/L3. (Phase need not be matched.) Never connect the power cables to the U, V, and W of the inverter. Doing so will damage the inverter.
- Connect the motor to U, V, and W. Turning ON the forward rotation switch (signal) at this time rotates the motor counterclockwise when viewed from the load shaft.

(1) Cable size and other specifications of the main circuit terminals and the earthing terminal

Select the recommended cable size to ensure that a voltage drop will be 2% or less.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency.

The following table indicates a selection example for the wiring length of 20m.

Three-phase 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

			Crit	mnina	Cable Size								
Applicable inverter	Terminal Screw	Tightening Torque N∙m	Crimping Terminal		HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²)			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²)			
Model	Size *4		R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	Earthing cable	
FR-E720-0.1KSC to 0.75KSC	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E720-1.5KSC, 2.2KSC	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E720-3.7KSC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4	
FR-E720-5.5KSC	M5	2.5	5.5-5	5.5-5	5.5	5.5	5.5	10	10	6	6	6	
FR-E720-7.5KSC	M5	2.5	14-5	8-5	14	8	5.5	6	8	16	10	6	
FR-E720-11KSC	M5	2.5	14-5	14-5	14	14	14	6	6	16	16	16	
FR-E720-15KSC	M6(M5)	4.4	22-6	22-6	22	22	14	4	4	25	25	16	

Three-phase 400V class (when input power supply is 440V)

			Crit	mping	Cable Size							
Applicable inverter	Terminal Screw	Tightening Torque			HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²)			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²)		
Model	Size *4	N∙m	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	u, v, w	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	u, v, w	R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	u, v, w	Earthing cable
FR-E740-0.4KSC to 3.7KSC	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5
FR-E740-5.5KSC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	3.5	12	14	4	2.5	4
FR-E740-7.5KSC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	3.5	3.5	3.5	12	12	4	4	4
FR-E740-11KSC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	5.5-4	5.5	5.5	8	10	10	6	6	10
FR-E740-15KSC	M5	2.5	8-5	8-5	8	8	8	8	8	10	10	10

Single-phase 200V class (when input power supply is 220V)

			Crimping Terminal		Cable Size								
Applicable Inverter Model	Screw				HIV Cables, etc. (mm ²)			AWG *2		PVC Cables, etc. (mm ²)			
	Size *4	N∙m	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing cable	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	R/L1 S/L2	U, V, W	Earthing cable	
FR-E720S-0.1KSC to 0.4KSC	M3.5	1.2	2-3.5	2-3.5	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E720S-0.75KSC	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E720S-1.5KSC	M4	1.5	2-4	2-4	2	2	2	14	14	2.5	2.5	2.5	
FR-E720S-2.2KSC	M4	1.5	5.5-4	2-4	3.5	2	2	12	14	4	2.5	2.5	

*1 The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

*2 The recommended cable size is that of the cable (THHW cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. (Selection example for use mainly in the United States.)

*3 The recommended cable size is that of the cable (PVC cable) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 70°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 40°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less. (Selection example for use mainly in Europe.)

*4 The terminal screw size indicates the terminal size for R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U, V, W, and a screw for earthing (grounding).

A screw for earthing (grounding) of the FR-E720-15KSC is indicated in (). For single-phase power input, the terminal screw size indicates the size of terminal screw for R/L1, S/L2, U, V, W, PR, P/+, N/-, P1 and a screw for earthing (grounding).



 Tighten the terminal screw to the specified torque. A screw that has been tighten too loosely can cause a short circuit or malfunction. A screw that has been tighten too tightly can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to the unit breakage.

· Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.

The line voltage drop can be calculated by the following formula:

Line voltage drop [V] = $\frac{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[m\Omega/m] \times \text{wiring distance}[m] \times \text{current}[A]}{\sqrt{3} \times \text{wire resistance}[m\Omega/m] \times \text{wiring distance}[m] \times \text{current}[A]}$

1000

Use a larger diameter cable when the wiring distance is long or when it is desired to decrease the voltage drop (torque reduction) in the low speed range.

(2) Total wiring length

The overall wiring length for connection of a single motor or multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.

Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection Setting (carrier frequency)		0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K or More
1 (1kHz) or less	200V class	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m	500m
1 (1112) 01 1655	400V class	-	-	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m
2 to15	200V class	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m
(2kHz to 14.5kHz)	400V class	-	-	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m

When driving a 400V class motor by the inverter, surge voltages attributable to the wiring constants may occur at the motor terminals, deteriorating the insulation of the motor. Take the following measures 1) or 2) in this case.

1) Use a "400V class inverter-driven insulation-enhanced motor" and set frequency in Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection according to wiring length.

	Wiring Length										
	50m or less	50m to 100m	Exceeding 100m								
Carrier frequency	14.5kHz or less	8kHz or less	2kHz or less								

2) Connect the surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) on the inverter output side.

NOTE • Espec

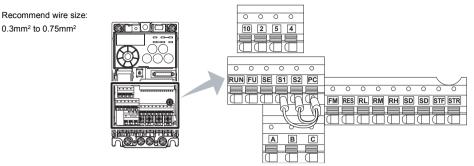
Especially for long-distance wiring, the inverter may be affected by a charging current caused by the stray
capacitances of the wiring, leading to a malfunction of the overcurrent protective function, fast response current limit
function, or stall prevention function or a malfunction or fault of the equipment connected on the inverter output side.
If malfunction of fast-response current limit function occurs, disable this function. If malfunction of stall prevention

function occurs, increase the stall level. ([Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level and Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation selection in Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied))

- · When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with the wiring length exceeding 100m,
- select without frequency search (Pr. 162 = "1, 11"). (🛄 Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied))

2.3.4 Wiring of control circuit

(1) Control circuit terminal layout



(2) Wiring method

Wiring

Use a blade terminal and a wire with a sheath stripped off for the control circuit wiring. For a single wire, strip off the sheath of the wire and apply directly.

Insert the blade terminal or the single wire into a socket of the terminal.

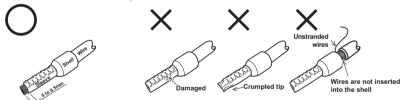
 Strip off the sheath about the size below. If the length of the sheath peeled is too long, a short circuit may occur among neighboring wires. If the length is too short, wires might come off.

Wire the stripped wire after twisting it to prevent it from becoming loose. In addition, do not solder it.



2) Crimp the blade terminal.

Insert wires to a blade terminal, and check that the wires come out for about 0 to 0.5 mm from a sleeve. Check the condition of the blade terminal after crimping. Do not use a blade terminal of which the crimping is inappropriate, or the face is damaged.



Blade terminals available on the market: (as of Jan. 2010)

•Phoenix Contact Co.,Ltd.

Mine Oler (mm2)		Blade terminal		
Wire Size (mm ²) with insulation sleeve		without insulation sleeve	for UL wire*1	crimping tool
0.3	AI 0,5-10WH	_	-	
0.5	AI 0,5-10WH	_	AI 0,5-10WH-GB	
0.75	AI 0,75-10GY	A 0,75-10	AI 0,75-10GY-GB	CRIMPFOX 6
1	AI 1-10RD	A1-10	AI 1-10RD/1000GB	UNIVE FOX 0
1.25, 1.5	AI 1,5-10BK	A1,5-10	AI 1,5-10BK/1000GB*2	
0.75 (for two wires)	AI-TWIN 2 x 0,75-10GY	_	-	

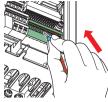
*1 A blade terminal with an insulation sleeve compatible with MTW wire which has a thick wire insulation

*2 Applicable for terminal ABC

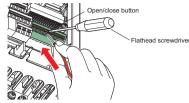
NICHIFU Co.,Ltd.

Wire Size (mm ²)	Blade terminal product number	Insulation product number	Blade terminal crimping tool
0.3 to 0.75	BT 0.75-11	VC 0.75	NH 67

3) Insert the wire into a socket.



When using a single wire or a stranded wire without a blade terminal, push an open/close button all the way down with a flathead screw driver, and insert the wire.

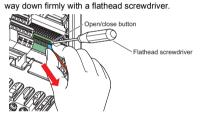


NOTE

- When using a stranded wire without a blade terminal, twist enough to avoid short circuit with a nearby terminals or wires.
- Place the flathead screwdriver vertical to the open/close button. In case the blade tip slips, it may cause to damage of inverter or injury.

•Wire removal

Pull the wire with pushing the open/close button all the



NOTE

- Pulling out the terminal block forcefully without pushing the open/close button all the way down may damage the terminal block.
- Use a small flathead screwdriver (Tip thickness: 0.4mm/ tip width: 2.5mm).

If a flathead screwdriver with a narrow tip is used, terminal block may be damaged.

Products availabl	e on the r	narket :(as	of Jan. 2010)

Product	Туре	Maker
Flathead screwdriver	SZF 0- 0,4 x 2,5	Phoenix Contact Co.,Ltd.

 Place the flathead screwdriver vertical to the open/close button. In case the blade tip slips, it may cause to damage of inverter or injury.

(3) Control circuit common terminals (SD, 5, SE)

Terminals SD, SE and 5 are common terminals for I/O signals. (All common terminals are isolated from each other.) Do not earth them. Avoid connecting the terminals SD and 5 and the terminals SE and 5.

Terminal SD is a common terminal for the contact input terminals (STF, STR, RH, RM, RL, RES) and frequency output signal (FM). The open collector circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.

Terminal 5 is a common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminal 2 or 4). It should be protected from external noise using a shielded or twisted wire.

Terminal SE is a common terminal for the open collector output terminal (RUN, FU). The contact input circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.

(4) Wiring instructions

1) It is recommended to use the wires of 0.3mm² to 0.75mm² gauge for connection to the control circuit terminals.

- 2) The maximum wiring length should be 30m (200m for terminal FM).
- 3) Do not short terminals PC and SD. Inverter may be damaged.
- 4) Use two or more parallel micro-signal contacts or twin contacts to prevent contact faults when using contact inputs since the control circuit input signals are micro-currents.
- 5) Use shielded or twisted wires for connection to the control circuit terminals and run them away from the main and power circuits (including the 200V relay sequence circuit).
- 6) Do not apply a voltage to the contact input terminals (e.g. STF) of the control circuit.

7) Always apply a voltage to the fault output terminals (A, B, C) via a relay coil, lamp, etc.





Twin contacts

16

2.3.5 Safety stop function

(1) Description of the function

The terminals related to the safety stop function are shown below.

Terminal Symbol		Description		
S1 *1 S2 *1		For input of safety stop channel 1.	Between S1 and PC / S2 and PC	
		For input of safety stop channel 2.	Open: In safety stop state. Short: Other than safety stop state.	
PC *1		Common terminal for terminal S1 and S2.		
FU *2	SAFE signal	Outputs the safety stop status The signal is output when inverter output is shut off due to the safety stop function.	OFF: Drive enabled or drive stop (at an internal safety circuit failure*4) ON: Drive stop (no internal safety circuit failure*4)	
RUN *3 SAFE2 signal		Outputs when an alarm or failure is detected. The signal is output when no internal safety circuit failure*4 exists.	OFF: Internal safety circuit failure*4 sts. ON : No internal safety circuit failure*4	
SE		Common terminal for open collector outputs (terminal RUN and FU)	

*1 In the initial status, terminal S1 and S2 are shorted with terminal PC by shortening wire. Remove the shortening wire and connect the safety relay module when using the safety stop function.

*2 In the initial setting, output frequency detection (FU signal) is assigned to terminal FU. Set "80" to Pr.191 FU terminal function selection to assign SAFE signal. The function can be assigned to other terminals by setting "80 (positive logic) or 180 (negative logic)" to any of Pr.190 to Pr.192 (Output terminal function selection). (Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied))

*4 At an internal safety circuit failure, one of E.SAF, E.6, E.7, and E.CPU is displayed on the operation panel.

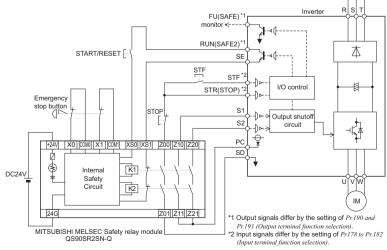
NOTE

- Hold the ON or OFF status for 2ms or longer to input signal to terminal S1 or S2. Signal input shorter than 2ms is not recognized.
- Use SAFE signal to monitor safety stop status. SAFE signal cannot be used as safety stop input signal to other devices (other than the safety relay module).
- SAFE 2 signal can only be used to output an alarm or to prevent restart of an inverter. The signal cannot be used as safety stop input signal to other devices.

(2) Wiring connection diagram

To prevent restart at fault occurrence, connect terminals RUN (SAFE 2 signal) and SE to terminals XS0 and XS1, which are the feedback input terminals of the safety relay module.

By setting Pr. 190 RUN terminal function selection = "81 (SAFE2 signal)", terminal RUN is turned OFF at fault occurrence.





• Changing the terminal assignment using Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 (output terminal function selection) may affect the other functions. Set parameters after confirming the function of each terminal.

^{*3} In the initial setting, inverter running (RUN signal) is assigned to terminal RUN. Set "81" to Pr.190 RUN terminal function selection to assign SAFE2 signal. The function can be assigned to other terminals by setting "81 (positive logic) or 181 (negative logic)" to any of Pr.190 to Pr.192 (Output terminal function selection). (RUN terminal function (Applied))

(3) Safety stop function operation

Input	Input	signal	Internal safety circuit*1	Output	signal	Inverter operation enable signal
power	S1-PC	S2-PC	Internal salety circuit.	SAFE*3	SAFE2*3	inverter operation enable signal
OFF	-	—	—	OFF	OFF	Output shutoff (Safe state)
	Short Short		No failure	OFF	ON	Drive enabled
	Short	Short	Failure	OFF	OFF	Output shutoff (Safe state)
ON	Open	Open	No failure *2	ON	ON	Output shutoff (Safe state)
ON	Open Open		Failure	OFF	OFF	Output shutoff (Safe state)
	Short	Open	Failure	OFF	OFF	Output shutoff (Safe state)
	Open	Short	Failure	OFF	OFF	Output shutoff (Safe state)

*1 At an internal safety circuit failure, one of E.SAF, E.6, E.7, and E.CPU is displayed on the operation panel.

*2 SA is displayed when both of the S1 and S2 signals are in open status and no internal safety circuit failure exists.

*3 ON: Transistor used for an open collector output is conducted. OFF: Transistor used for an open collector output is not conducted.

For more details, refer to the Safety stop function instruction manual (BCN-A211508-004). (Please contact your sales representative for the manual.)

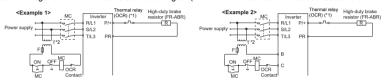
2.4 Connection of a dedicated external brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR)

Install a dedicated brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR) outside when the motor driven by the inverter is made to run by the load, quick deceleration is required, etc. Connect a dedicated brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR) to terminals P/+ and PR. (For the locations of terminals P/+ and PR, refer to the terminal block layout (*page 12*).)

Set parameters below.	(🛄 Refer to the In	struction Manual (Applied)	for the parameter details.)
-----------------------	---------------------	----------------------------	-----------------------------

Connected Brake Resistor	Pr. 30 Regenerative function selection Setting	Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty Setting	
MRS type, MYS type	0 (initial value)	-	
MYS type (used at 100% torque/6%ED)	1	6%	
FR-ABR	1	7.5K or lower	10%
I IN-ADIX	I	11K or higher	6%

It is recommended to configure a sequence, which shuts off power in the input side of the inverter by the external thermal relay as shown below, to prevent overheat and burnout of the brake resistor (MRS, MYS) and high duty brake resistor (FR-ABR) in case the regenerative brake transistor is damaged. (The brake resistor can not be connected to the 0.1K or 0.2K.)

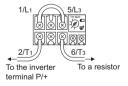


*1 Refer to the table below for the type number of each capacity of thermal relay and the diagram below for the connection. (Always install a thermal relay when using a brake resistor whose capacity is 11K or higher.)

*2 When the power supply is 400V class, install a step-down transformer.

Power Supply Voltage	Brake Resistor	Thermal Relay Type (Mitsubishi product)	Contact Rating
	MRS120W200	TH-N20CXHZ-0.7A	
	MRS120W100	TH-N20CXHZ-1.3A	110VAC 5A,
200V	MRS120W60	TH-N20CXHZ-2.1A	220VAC 2A (AC11 class)
	MRS120W40	TH-N20CXHZ-3.6A	110VDC 0.5A,
	MYS220W50 (two	TH-N20CXHZ-5A	220VDC 0.25A (DC11 class)
	units in parallel)		

Power Supply Voltage	Brake Resistor	Thermal Relay Type (Mitsubishi product)	Contact Rating
	FR-ABR-0.4K	TH-N20CXHZ-0.7A	
	FR-ABR-0.75K	TH-N20CXHZ-1.3A	
	FR-ABR-2.2K	TH-N20CXHZ-2.1A	
200V	FR-ABR-3.7K	TH-N20CXHZ-3.6A	
2000	FR-ABR-5.5K	TH-N20CXHZ-5A	
	FR-ABR-7.5K	TH-N20CXHZ-6.6A	
	FR-ABR-11K	TH-N20CXHZ-11A	110VAC 5A
	FR-ABR-15K	TH-N20CXHZ-11A	220VAC 2A (AC11 class)
	FR-ABR-H0.4K	TH-N20CXHZ-0.24A	110VDC 0.5A,
	FR-ABR-H0.75K	TH-N20CXHZ-0.35A	220VDC 0.25A (DC11 class)
	FR-ABR-H1.5K	TH-N20CXHZ-0.9A	220VDC 0.25A (DCTT class)
	FR-ABR-H2.2K	TH-N20CXHZ-1.3A	
400V	FR-ABR-H3.7K	TH-N20CXHZ-2.1A	
	FR-ABR-H5.5K	TH-N20CXHZ-2.5A	
	FR-ABR-H7.5K	TH-N20CXHZ-3.6A	
	FR-ABR-H11K	TH-N20CXHZ-6.6A	
	FR-ABR-H15K	TH-N20CXHZ-6.6A	





Note

- The brake resistor connected should only be the dedicated brake resistor.
- Perform wiring and operation according to the Instruction Manual of each option unit.
- Brake resistor can not be used with the brake unit, high power factor converter, power supply regeneration converter, etc.
- Do not use the brake resistor (MRS type, MYS type) with a lead wire extended.
- Do not connect the resistor directly to the terminals P/+ and N/-. This could cause a fire.

3 PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF THE INVERTER

The FR-E700 series is a highly reliable product, but incorrect peripheral circuit making or operation/handling method may shorten the product life or damage the product.

Before starting operation, always recheck the following points.

- (1) Use crimping terminals with insulation sleeve to wire the power supply and motor.
- (2) Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Never perform such wiring.
- (3) After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

(4) Use cables of the size to make a voltage drop 2% or less.

If the wiring distance is long between the inverter and motor, a main circuit cable voltage drop will cause the motor torque to decrease especially at the output of a low frequency. *Refer to page 13* for the recommended wire sizes.

(5) The overall wiring length should be 500m or less.

Especially for long distance wiring, the fast-response current limit function may decrease or the equipment connected to the secondary side may malfunction or become faulty under the influence of a charging current due to the stray capacity of the wiring. Therefore, note the overall wiring length. (*Refer to page 14*)

(6) Electromagnetic wave interference

The input/output (main circuit) of the inverter includes high frequency components, which may interfere with the communication devices (such as AM radios) used near the inverter. In this case, install options among the capacitor type EMC filter FR-BIF (for use in the input side only), the ferrite core type EMC filter FR-BSF01/FR-BLF, filterpack, and EMC filter to minimize the interference.

(7) Do not install a power factor correction capacitor, surge suppressor or capacitor type filter on the inverter output side.

This will cause the inverter to trip or the capacitor and surge suppressor to be damaged. If any of the above devices are connected, immediately remove them. (When using capacitor type filter (FR-BIF) for single-phase power input model, make sure of secure insulation of T-phase, and connect to the input side of the inverter.)

(8) For some short time after the power is switched OFF, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor.

When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is not more than 30VDC using a tester, etc. The capacitor is charged with high voltage for some time after power OFF and it is dangerous.

(9) If "EV" is displayed on the operation panel, turn off the 24V external power supply before wiring and inspection.

(10) A short circuit or earth (ground) fault on the inverter output side may damage the inverter modules.

- Fully check the insulation resistance of the circuit prior to inverter operation since repeated short circuits caused by peripheral circuit inadequacy or an earth (ground) fault caused by wiring inadequacy or reduced motor insulation resistance may damage the inverter modules.
- Fully check the to-earth (ground) insulation and phase to phase insulation of the inverter output side before power-ON. Especially for an old motor or use in hostile atmosphere, securely check the motor insulation resistance etc.

(11) Do not use the inverter input side magnetic contactor to start/stop the inverter.

Since repeated inrush currents at power ON will shorten the life of the converter circuit (switching life is about 1,000,000 times), frequent starts and stops of the MC must be avoided. Turn ON/OFF the inverter start controlling terminals (STF, STR) to run/stop the inverter. (Eng Refer to the Instruction Manual (Applied))

(12) Across terminals P/+ and PR, connect only an external regenerative brake discharging resistor. Do not connect a mechanical brake. The brake resistor can not be connected to the 0.1KSC or 0.2KSC. Leave terminals P/+ and PR open.

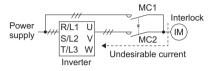
Also, never short between these terminals.

(13) Do not apply a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits.

Application of a voltage higher than the permissible voltage to the inverter I/O signal circuits or opposite polarity may damage the I/O devices. Especially check the wiring to prevent the speed setting potentiometer from being connected incorrectly to short terminals 10 and 5.

(14) Provide electrical and mechanical interlocks for MC1 and MC2 which are used for bypass operation.

When the wiring is incorrect and if there is a bypass operation circuit as shown right, the inverter will be damaged when the power supply is connected to the inverter U, V, W terminals, due to arcs generated at the time of switch-over or chattering caused by a sequence error.



(15) If the machine must not be restarted when power is restored after a power failure, provide a magnetic contactor in the inverter's input side and also make up a sequence which will not switch ON the start signal. If the start signal (start switch) remains ON after a power failure, the inverter will automatically restart as soon as the power is restored.

(16) Inverter input side magnetic contactor (MC)

On the inverter input side, connect a MC for the following purposes. (Refer to page 7 for selection.)

- 1)To release the inverter from the power supply when a fault occurs or when the drive is not functioning (e.g. emergency stop operation). For example, MC avoids overheat or burnout of the brake resistor when heat capacity of the resistor is insufficient or brake regenerative transistor is damaged with short while connecting an optional brake resistor.
- 2)To prevent any accident due to an automatic restart at restoration of power after an inverter stop made by a power failure
- 3) To separate the inverter from the power supply to ensure safe maintenance and inspection work.

The inverter's input side MC is used for the above purpose, select class JEM1038-AC3 MC for the inverter input side current when making an emergency stop during normal operation.

(17) Handling of inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned ON while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it ON/OFF after the inverter and motor have stopped.

(18) Countermeasures against inverter-generated EMI

If electromagnetic noise generated from the inverter causes frequency setting signal to fluctuate and motor rotation speed to be unstable when changing motor speed with analog signal, the following countermeasures are effective.

- Do not run the signal cables and power cables (inverter I/O cables) in parallel with each other and do not bundle them.
- Run signal cables as far away as possible from power cables (inverter I/O cables).
- · Use shield cables as signal cables.
- Install a ferrite core on the signal cable (Example: ZCAT3035-1330 TDK).

(19) Instructions for overload operation

When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current (up to 2 rank larger in capacity).

(20) Make sure that the specifications and rating match the system requirements.

4 FAILSAFE OF THE SYSTEM WHICH USES THE INVERTER

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips to output a fault signal. However, a fault output signal may not be output at an inverter fault occurrence when the detection circuit or output circuit fails, etc. Although Mitsubishi assures best quality products, provide an interlock which uses inverter status output signals to prevent accidents such as damage to machine when the inverter fails for some reason and at the same time consider the system configuration where failsafe from outside the inverter, without using the inverter, is enabled even if the inverter fails.

(1) Interlock method which uses the inverter status output signals

By combining the inverter status output signals to provide an interlock as shown below, an inverter alarm can be detected.

No.	Interlock Method	Check Method	Used Signals	Refer to Page
1)	Inverter protective function operation	Operation check of an alarm contact Circuit error detection by negative logic	Fault output signal (ALM signal)	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
2)	Inverter running status	Operation ready signal check	Operation ready signal (RY signal)	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
3)	Inverter running status	Logic check of the start signal and running signal	Start signal (STF signal, STR signal) Running signal (RUN signal)	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).
4)	Inverter running status	Logic check of the start signal and output current	Start signal (STF signal, STR signal) Output current detection signal (Y12 signal)	Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).

(2) Backup method outside the inverter

Even if the interlock is provided by the inverter status signal, enough failsafe is not ensured depending on the failure status of the inverter itself. For example, when the inverter CPU fails, even if the interlock is provided using the inverter fault output signal, start signal and RUN signal output, there is a case where a fault output signal is not output and RUN signal is kept output even if an inverter fault occurs.

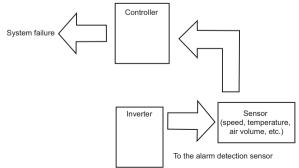
Provide a speed detector to detect the motor speed and current detector to detect the motor current and consider the backup system such as checking up as below according to the level of importance of the system.

1) Start signal and actual operation check

Check the motor running and motor current while the start signal is input to the inverter by comparing the start signal to the inverter and detected speed of the speed detector or detected current of the current detector. Note that the motor current runs as the motor is running for the period until the motor stops since the inverter starts decelerating even if the start signal turns off. For the logic check, configure a sequence considering the inverter deceleration time. In addition, it is recommended to check the three-phase current when using the current detector.

2) Command speed and actual operation check

Check if there is no gap between the actual speed and commanded speed by comparing the inverter speed command and detected speed of the speed detector.



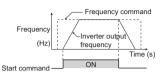
5 DRIVING THE MOTOR

The inverter needs frequency command and start command.

Frequency command (set frequency) determines the rotation speed of the motor. Turning ON the start command starts the motor to rotate.

REMARKS

• Set the required parameters according to the load and operating conditions. (*Refer to page 34.*)



5.1 Start/stop from the operation panel (PU operation)

POINT

From where is the frequency command given?

- Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel (Prefer to 5.1.1 (Refer to page 23)
- Operation using the setting dial as the potentiometer @ min refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)
- Change of frequency with ON/OFF switches connected to terminals (P refer to 5.1.2 (Refer to page 24)
- Perform frequency setting using voltage input signal (P refer to 5.1.3 (Refer to page 25)
- Perform frequency setting using current input signal 🐨 💼 refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)

5.1.1 Setting the frequency by the operation panel

operation mode always.

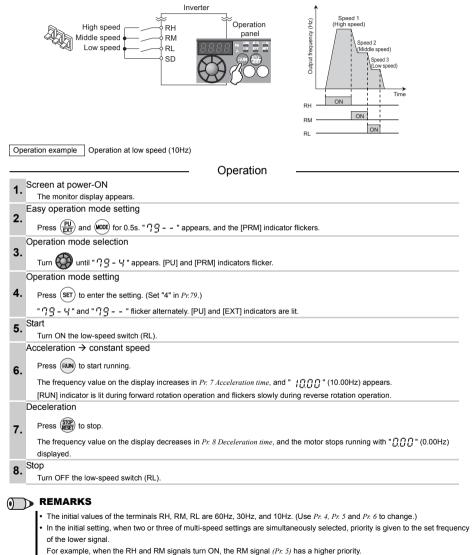


	Creen at power-ON Operation
1.	The monitor display appears.
•	Operation mode change
2.	Press $(\frac{PU}{EX})$ to choose the PU operation mode. PU indicator is lit.
F	requency setting
	Turn 🛞 to show the frequency " 3 [] [] [] " (30.00Hz) you want to set. The frequency flickers for about 5s. While the value is
3.	flickering, press (SET) to set the frequency. " F" and "] [] [] [] " flicker alternately. After about 3s of flickering, the display of the
	value goes back to "[][][]" (0.00Hz) (monitor display). (If (SET) is not pressed, the display of the value goes back to "[][][]"
	(0.00Hz) after about 5s of flickering. In that case, turn 🚱 again, and set the frequency.)
S	Start \rightarrow acceleration \rightarrow constant speed
4.	Press (RUN) to start operation.
	The frequency value on the display increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and "] [] [] [] " (30.00Hz) appears.
	(To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above step 3. The previously set frequency is displayed at first.)
L	Deceleration \rightarrow stop
5.	Press (STOP) to stop. The frequency value on the display decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops running with
	"[] [] [] " (0.00Hz) displayed.
	REMARKS
	• 🚱 can also be used like a potentiometer to perform operation. (🚉 Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied,
	•
	• When you always operate in the PU operation mode at power-ON, set Pr.79 Operation mode selection = "1" to choose the PU

5.1.2 Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6)

- Use the operation panel (RUN) to give a start command.
- Switch ON the RH, RM, or RL signal to give a frequency command.
- Set "4" (External/PU combined operation mode 2) in Pr. 79 Operation mode selection.

[Connection diagram]



• Maximum of 15-speed operation can be performed. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

5.1.3 Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input)

	POINT				
(Q	• Use the operation panel ((RUN)) to give a start command.				
0					
	 Use the (frequency setting) potentiometer to give a frequency command. Set "4" (External/PU combined operation mode 2) in <i>Pr. 79 Operation mode selection</i>. 				
	• Set 4 (Externain o combined operation mode 2) in 17. 79 Operation mode selection.				
	[Connection diagram] (The inverter supplies 5V power to the frequency setting potentiometer. (terminal 10)) Frequency setting potentiometer 5				
Ope	eration example Operate at 60Hz.				
	Operation				
4	Screen at power-ON				
1.	The monitor display appears.				
-	Easy operation mode setting				
2.	Press $(\frac{PU}{RM})$ and $\frac{WODE}{RM}$ for 0.5s. " 79 " appears, and the [PRM] indicator flickers.				
	Operation mode selection				
3.	Turn 🚱 until " 79 - 4 " appears. [PU] and [PRM] indicators flicker.				
	Operation mode setting				
4.	Press (\overline{SET}) to enter the setting. (Set "4" in <i>Pr.</i> 79.)				
	" $\eta g - 4$ " and " ηg " flicker alternately. [PU] and [EXT] indicators are lit.				
	Start				
5.	Press (RUN). [RUN] flickers fast as no frequency command is given.				
	Acceleration \rightarrow constant speed				
~	Turn the potentiometer clockwise slowly to full.				
6.	The frequency value on the display increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " [[]]] " (60.00Hz) appears.				
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and flickers slowly during reverse rotation operation.				
	Deceleration				
7.	Turn the potentiometer counterclockwise slowly to full.				
	The frequency value on the display decreases in <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> , and the motor stops running with "[][][][] " (0.00Hz)				
	displayed. [RUN] flickers fast. Stop				
8.					
	Press (RUN] indicator turns OFF.				

() **REMARKS**

 The frequency at the full clockwise turn of the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) (maximum potentiometer setting) is 60Hz in the initial setting. (To change the setting, use *Pr.125.*) (*Refer to page 29.*)

5.2 Start and stop using terminals (External operation)

	POINT
Y	From where is the frequency command given?
	• Operation at the frequency set in the frequency setting mode of the operation panel (P refer to 5.2.1 (Refer to page 26)
	• Give a frequency command by switch (multi-speed setting) (F) refer to 5.2.2 (Refer to page 27)
	• Perform frequency setting by a voltage input signal (3) refer to 5.2.3 (Refer to page 28)
	• Perform frequency setting by a current input signal 🖗 📺 refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied)
5.2.1	Setting the frequency by the operation panel (Pr. 79 = 3)
	POINT
(Q	• Switch ON the STF(STR) signal to give a start command.
	Use the operation panel () to give a frequency command.
	• Set "3" (External/PU combined operation mode 1) in <i>Pr. 79</i> .
	•
	[Connection diagram]
	STF panel
	Reverse rotation start
Ope	eration example Operate at 30Hz.
	Operation
1.	Screen at power-ON
	The monitor display appears. Easy operation mode setting
2.	
	Press $(\frac{PU}{BT})$ and $\frac{MODE}{DT}$ for 0.5s. " $7G$ " appears, and the [PRM] indicator flickers.
3.	Operation mode selection
5.	Turn 😡 until " 7 9 - 3 " appears. [EXT] and [PRM] indicators flicker.
	Operation mode setting
4.	Press (\overline{set}) to enter the setting. (Set "3" in <i>Pr.</i> 79.)
	" $79 - 3$ " and " 79 " flicker alternately. [PU] and [EXT] indicators are lit.
	Frequency setting
	Turn 🛞 to show the frequency " 30.00" you want to set. The frequency flickers for about 5s. While the value is flickering,
5.	press (SET) to set the frequency. " F " and " $\exists : \bigcup : \bigcup : \bigcup$ " flicker alternately. After about 3s of flickering, the display of the value
	goes back to " [] [] [] " (monitor display). (If (SET) is not pressed, the display of the value goes back to " [] [] [] " (0.00Hz) after
	about 5s of flickering. In that case, turn 🚱 again, and set the frequency.)
	Start → acceleration → constant speed Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON.
6.	The frequency value on the display increases in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> , and "] [] [] [] " (30.00Hz) appears.
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and flickers during reverse rotation operation.
	(To change the set frequency, perform the operation in above step 5. Starting from the previously set frequency.)
	Deceleration → stop
7.	Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency value on the display decreases in <i>Pr. 8 Deceleration time</i> , and the motor
	stops running with " ? ? ? ? ? " displayed. [RUN] turns OFF.

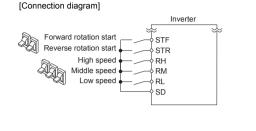
5.2.2 Setting the frequency by switches (three-speed setting) (Pr. 4 to Pr. 6)

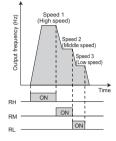


POINT

• Switch ON the STF (STR) signal to give a start command.

• Switch ON the RH, RM, or RL signal to give a frequency command.





Operation example Operation at high speed (60Hz)

Operation

	operation
1.	Screen at power-ON
••	The monitor display appears.
2.	Start
۷.	Turn ON the high-speed switch (RH).
	Acceleration \rightarrow constant speed
	Turn ON the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency value on the display increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " 5 [] [] []
3.	(60.00Hz) appears.
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and flickers during reverse rotation operation.
	 When RM is turned ON, 30Hz is displayed. When RL is turned ON, 10Hz is displayed.
	Deceleration
4.	Turn OFF the start switch (STF or STR). The frequency value on the display decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor
	stops running with "
5.	Stop
J.	Turn OFF the high-speed switch (RH)

In the initial setting, when two or three of multi-speed settings are simultaneously selected, priority is given to the set frequency
of the lower signal.

For example, when the RH and RM signals turn ON, the RM signal (Pr. 5) has a higher priority.

• Maximum of 15-speed operation can be performed. (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

5.2.3 Setting the frequency by analog input (voltage input)

Ć		N the STF(STR) signal to giv potentiometer (frequency setti	e a start command. ing potentiometer) to give a frequency command.
	- (The in	ection diagram] verter supplies 5V power to the ncy setting potentiometer. al 10))	Forward rotation start
Ope	ration example	Operate at 60Hz.	
			Operation
1.	Screen at pow The monitor d	er-ON lisplay appears.	
2.		switch (STF or STR) ON.	imand is not given.
		constant speed	ntiometer) clockwise slowly to full.
3.	•		in <i>Pr. 7 Acceleration time</i> , and " $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ " (60.00Hz) appears.
			eration and flickers slowly during reverse rotation operation.
	Deceleration	or is in during forward rotation op	oration and motors slowly during reverse rotation operation.
		ntiometer (frequency setting pote	entiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full.
4.	-		in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops running with "
		JN] flickers fast.	
	Stop		
5.	•	switch (STF or STR) OFF.	
	[RUN] turns C	DFF.	
		(S	

• The frequency at the full clockwise turn of the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) (maximum potentiometer setting) is 60Hz in the initial setting. (To change the setting, use *Pr.125.*) (*Refer to page 29.*)

5.2.4 Operating at 60Hz or higher using the external potentiometer

< How to change the maximum frequency>

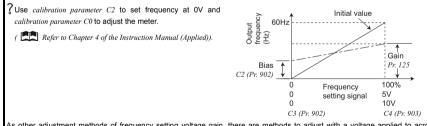
Changing When you want to use 0 to	o 5
------------------------------------	-----

5VDC input frequency setting potentiometer to change the frequency at 5V from 60Hz (initial value) example to 70Hz, make adjustment to output "70Hz" at 5V voltage input. Set "70Hz" in Pr. 125.

	Operation
	Parameter selection
1.	Turn 💮 until " P. 125 " (Pr. 125) appears.
	Press (SET) to show the present set value " [[] [] [] (60.00Hz).
	Changing the maximum frequency
2.	Turn 🚱 to change the set value to " ባርርር "(70.00Hz).
	Press (SET) to enter. " ? [] [] [] " and " ? 125 " flicker alternately.
	Mode/monitor check
3.	Press (MODE) twice to choose the monitor/frequency monitor.
	Start
4.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) ON.
_	[RUN] flickers fast because the frequency command is not given.
	Acceleration \rightarrow constant speed
5.	Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) clockwise slowly to full.
	The frequency value on the display increases in Pr. 7 Acceleration time, and " \[][][][] " (70.00Hz) appears.
	[RUN] indicator is lit during forward rotation operation and flickers slowly during reverse rotation operation.
	Deceleration
6.	Turn the potentiometer (frequency setting potentiometer) counterclockwise slowly to full.
0.	The frequency value on the display decreases in Pr. 8 Deceleration time, and the motor stops running with "
	displayed. [RUN] flickers fast.
	Stop
7.	Turn the start switch (STF or STR) OFF.
	[RUN] turns OFF.

REMARKS $(\mathbf{0})$

To change the value to 120Hz or more, the maximum frequency must be set to 120Hz or more.



As other adjustment methods of frequency setting voltage gain, there are methods to adjust with a voltage applied to across terminals 2 and 5 and a method to adjust at any point without a voltage applied. ((Applied) for the setting method of calibration parameter C4.)

5.3 Acquiring large starting torque and low speed torque (Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control) (Pr. 71, Pr. 80, Pr. 81, Pr. 800)

Advanced magnetic flux vector control can be selected by setting the capacity, poles and type of the motor used in *Pr.* 80 and *Pr.* 81.

• Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control?

The low speed torque can be improved by providing voltage compensation to flow a motor current which meets the load torque. Output frequency compensation (slip compensation) is made so that the motor actual speed approximates a speed command value. Effective when load fluctuates drastically, etc.

General-purpose magnetic flux vector control is the same function as it is for the FR-E500 series. Select this control when operation characteristics as similar as possible are required when replacing from the FR-E500 series. For other cases, select Advanced magnetic flux vector control.

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Setting Range	Description
71	Applied motor	0	0,1, 3 to 6, 13 to 16, 23, 24 40, 43, 44 50, 53, 54	By selecting a standard motor or constant-torque motor, thermal characteristic and motor constants of each motor are set.
80	Motor capacity	9999	0.1 to 15kW	Set the applied motor capacity.
	motor cupacity	0000	9999	V/F control
81	Number of motor		2, 4, 6, 8, 10	Set the number of motor poles.
01	poles	9999	9999	V/F control
	Control method		20	Advanced magnetic flux vector control *
800	selection	20	30	General-purpose magnetic flux vector control *

* Set a value other than "9999" in Pr. 80 and Pr. 81.



POINT

If the following conditions are not satisfied, select V/F control since malfunction such as insufficient torque and uneven rotation may occur.

- The motor capacity should be equal to or one rank lower than the inverter capacity. (Note that the capacity should be 0.1kW or higher.)
- Motor to be used is any of Mitsubishi standard motor (SF-JR 0.2kW or more), high efficiency motor (SF-HR 0.2kW or more) or Mitsubishi constant-torque motor (SF-JRCA four-pole, SF-HRCA 0.2kW to 15kW). When using a motor other than the above (other manufacturer's motor), perform offline auto tuning without fail.
- Single-motor operation (one motor run by one inverter) should be performed.
- The wiring length from inverter to motor should be within 30m. (Perform offline auto tuning in the state where wiring work is performed when the wiring length exceeds 30m.)
- Permissible wiring length between inverter and motor differs according to the inverter capacity and setting value of *Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection* (carrier frequency). *Refer to page 14* for the permissible wiring length.

5.3.1 Selection method of Advanced magnetic flux vector control

	Perform secure wiring (Refer to page 9)	g.	
	Set the motor. (Pr. 71)		
	Motor	Pr. 71 Setting *1	Remarks
Mitsubishi standard	SF-JR	0 (initial value)	Remarko
motor	SF-HR	40	
Mitsubishi high efficiency motor	Others	3	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
Mitsubishi constant-	SF-JRCA 4P	1	
torque motor	SF-HRCA	50	
lorque motor	Others (SF-JRC, etc.)	13	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
Other manufacturer's standard motor	_	3	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
Other manufacturer's constant-torque motor	_	13	Offline auto tuning is necessary. *1
Set the mo	otor capacity and the number (Pr. 80, Pr. 81) (Refer to page		Notor capacity and
			er of poles) in Pr. 81 Number of motor poles
	◆	(V/F control is performed when the	e setting is "9999" (initial value).)
Select t	he control method. (Pr. 800) ((Refer to page 30)	
			make Advanced magnetic flux vector cor
Sot t	he operation command. (Ref	valid.	
Gerti	operation command. (Re)	Select the start command and spe	ed command
		(1)Start command	
		1)Operation panel: Setting by	pressing (Run) of the operation panel g by forward rotation or reverse ro STR)
		terminal 4). 3)Multi-speed command:	
As required • Perform offline aut	Test run	Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual	(Applied))



NOTE

- NOTE
 Uneven rotation slightly increases as compared to the V/F control. (It is not suitable for machines such as grinding machine and wrapping machine which requires less uneven rotation at low speed.)
 When a surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) is connected between the inverter and motor, output
 - torque may decrease.

REMARKS

• Use Pr. 89 to adjust the motor speed fluctuation at load fluctuation. (🕅 Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)

5.3.2 Selection method of General-purpose magnetic flux vector control

Motor bishi standard SF-JR bishi standard SF-HR bishi high Others ncy motor SF-JRCA 4P bishi constant- SF-JRCA 4P motor Others (SF-JRCA 4P) manufacturer's others (SF-JRCA 4P) ard motor others (SF-JRCA 4P) manufacturer's others (SF-JRCA 4P) manufacturer's others (SF-JRCA 4P) Set the motor capacity and Set the motor capacity and	tion Manual (Applied) fo tion Manual (Applied) fo the number of m (Refer to page 30) Set m the m (V/F c nod.(Pr. 800) (Refer to Set "3 sommand. (Refer to po	notor poles. Inotor capacity (kW) in <i>P</i> umber of motor poles (r control is performed wh to page 30) 30" in <i>Pr. 800</i> to make G	Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline offline auto tur r. 80 Motor capp number of pole ien the setting i	acity and s) in <i>Pr. 81 Number of motor p</i> is "9999" (initial value).	
sishi standard SF-JR sishi high SF-HR ncy motor Others noishi constant- SF-JRCA 4P smotor SF-HRCA Others (SF-JRCA and motor Others (SF-JRCA and motor) manufacturer's and motor manufacturer's and motor Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction (Pr. 80, Pr. 81) Select the control method	tion Manual (Applied) fo tion Manual (Applied) fo the number of m (Refer to page 30) Set m the m (V/F c nod.(Pr. 800) (Refer to Set "3 sommand. (Refer to po	0 (initial value) 40 3 1 50 13 3 13 13 or other settings of <i>Pr. 71</i> ar notor poles. notor capacity (kW) in <i>P</i> umber of motor poles (r control is performed wh to page 30) 30" in <i>Pr. 800</i> to make G	Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline Offline offline auto tur r. 80 Motor capp number of pole ien the setting i	auto tuning is necessary. *1 ning. acity and s) in <i>Pr. 81 Number of motor p</i> is "9999" (initial value).	voles
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Set the operation co		age 23)		e magnetic flux vector contro	ol va
		uge 20)			
		t the start command an art command	nd speed comm	nand.	
	2		Setting by fo	(RUN) of the operation panel prward rotation or reverse	
	2	terminal 4).)Multi-speed command	hand (terminal 2 and using the I:	\mathbf{v}	ninal
					ive
quired	st run				ive

NOTE

- Uneven rotation slightly increases as compared to the V/F control. (It is not suitable for machines such as grinding machine and wrapping machine which requires less uneven rotation at low speed.)
 When a surge voltage suppression filter (FR-ASF-H/FR-BMF-H) is connected between the inverter and motor, output
 - torque may decrease.

!

ENERGY SAVING OPERATION FOR FANS AND 6 PUMPS

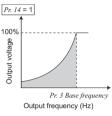
Set the following functions to perform energy saving operation for fans and pumps.

(1) Load pattern selection (Pr. 14)

Select the optimum output characteristic (V/F characteristic) that is suitable for the application and load characteristics.

- Set Pr.14 Load pattern selection = "1 (for variable-torgue load)."
- When the output frequency is equal to or less than the base frequency, the output voltage changes by its square in proportion to the output frequency.

Use this setting to drive a load whose load torque changes in proportion to the square of the speed, such as a fan and a pump.





Load pattern selection is available only under V/F control. Load pattern selection is not available under Advanced magnetic flux vector control and General-purpose magnetic flux vector control.

(2) Optimum excitation control (Pr. 60)

Without a detailed parameter setting, the inverter automatically performs energy saving operation.

This operation is optimum for fan and pump applications.

- Set Pr.60 Energy saving control selection = "9 (optimum excitation control mode)."
- . The Optimum excitation control mode is a control system which controls excitation current to improve the motor efficiency to the maximum and determines output voltage as an energy saving method.

REMARKS

· When the motor capacity is too small as compared to the inverter capacity or two or more motors are connected to one inverter, the energy saving effect is not expected.



NOTE

When the Optimum excitation control mode is selected, deceleration time may be longer than the setting value. Since overvoltage alarm tends to occur as compared to the constant-torque load characteristics, set a longer deceleration time

Optimum excitation control is available only under V/F control. Optimum excitation control is not available under Advanced magnetic flux vector control and General-purpose magnetic flux vector control.

- Optimum excitation control will not be performed during an automatic restart after instantaneous power failure.
- Since output voltage is controlled by Optimum excitation control, output current may slightly increase.

7 PARAMETERS

Simple variable-speed operation can be performed with the inverter in the initial settings. Set the required parameters according to the load and operating conditions. Use the operation panel to set or change a parameter. (Refer to Applied of the Instruction Manual (Applied) for the detailed description of parameters.

7.1 Simple mode parameters

Only simple mode parameter can be displayed using *Pr. 160 User group read selection*. (All parameters are displayed with the initial setting.) Set *Pr. 160 User group read selection* as required. (*Refer to page 4* for parameter change)

Parameter Number	Name	Unit	Initial Value	Range	Application	
0	Torque boost	0.1%	6%/4%/ 3%/2%*	0 to 30%	Set when you want to increase a starting torque or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1]. * Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (0.75K or lower/1.5K to 3.7K/5.5K, 7.5K/11K, 15K)	
1	Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited.	
2	Minimum frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.	
3	Base frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when the rated motor frequency is 50Hz. Check the motor rating plate.	
4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz		
5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0.01Hz	30Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when changing the preset speed in the parameter with a terminal.	
6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0.01Hz	10Hz	0 to 400Hz		
7	Acceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s/ 15s*	0 to 3600s	Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.	
8	Deceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s/ 15s*	0 to 3600s	 Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (3.7K or lower/5.5K, 7.5K/11K, 15K) 	
9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01A	Rated inverter current	0 to 500A	The inverter protects the motor from overheat. Set the rated motor current.	
79	Operation mode selection	1	0	0 1 2 3 4	External/PU switchover mode Fixed to PU operation mode Fixed to External operation mode External/PU combined operation mode 1 (Start command from External, frequency command from PU) External/PU combined operation mode 2	
				4 6 7	(Frequency command from External, start command from PU) Switchover mode External operation mode (PU operation interlock)	
125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (5V initial value) can be changed.	
126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum current input (20mA initial value) can be changed.	
160	User group read selection	1	0	0 1 9999	Display all parameters Only the parameters registered to the user group can be displayed. Only the simple mode parameters can be displayed.	
Pr.CL	Parameter clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" returns all parameters except calibration parameters to the initial values.	
ALLC	All parameter clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" returns all parameters to the initial values.	
Er.CL	Fault history clear	1	0	0, 1	Setting "1" clears eight past faults.	
Pr.CH	Initial value change list		—	—	Displays and sets the parameters changed from the initial value.	

7.2 Parameter list

• REMARKS

Indicates simple mode parameters. (initially set to extended mode)
The parameters surrounded by a black border in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
© 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	6/4/3/2% *1	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 1 © 2	Maximum frequency Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz 0 to 120Hz	120Hz 0Hz	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	60Hz	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	30Hz	37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0
◎ 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	10Hz	40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	0
© 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	5/10/15s *2	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	10%
© 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600/	5/10/15s	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	6Hz
		360s	*2	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
© 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	Rated inverter current	44	Second acceleration/ deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	5/10/15s *2
10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	3Hz	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s, 9999	9999
11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.5s	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	9999
12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	6/4/2% *3	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.5Hz	48	Second stall prevention	0 to 200%,	9999
14	Load pattern selection	0 to 3	0		operation current Second electronic thermal O/L	9999 0 to 500A,	
15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	5Hz	51	relay	9999	9999
16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600/ 360s	0.5s		DU/PU main display data	0, 5, 7 to 12, 14, 20,	
17 18	MRS input selection High speed maximum frequency	h speed maximum 120 to 400Hz 120Hz			23 to 25, 52 to 57, 61, 62, 100	0	
19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	9999	54	FM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 7 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52,	1
20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	60Hz		Frequency monitoring	53, 61, 62	
21	Acceleration/deceleration time increments	0, 1	0	55	reference	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
22	Stall prevention operation level Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	150%	56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	Rated inverter current
23	compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	9999	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	9999
24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	1s
05	NA 10	0 to 400Hz,	0000	59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	0
25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	9999 0 to 400Hz,	9999	60	Energy saving control selection	0, 9	0
26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	9999 0 to 400Hz.	9999	61	Reference current	0 to 500A, 9999	9999
27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7) Acceleration/deceleration	9999	9999	62	Reference value at acceleration	0 to 200%, 9999	9999
29	pattern selection	0, 1, 2	0	63	Reference value at deceleration	0 to 200%, 9999	9999
30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	0	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	0
31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	67	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	0

🌱 Parameter list

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
68 69	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 360s	1s 0	©126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
70	Retry count display erase Special regenerative brake	0 to 30%	0%	127	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
71	duty Applied motor	0, 1, 3 to 6, 13 to 16, 23, 24, 40, 43,	0	128	PID action selection	0, 20, 21, 40 to 43, 50, 51, 60, 61	0
72	PWM frequency selection	44, 50, 53, 54 0 to 15	1	129	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	100%
72	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	130	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s,	1s
74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1	150		9999	13
75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop	0 to 3, 14 to 17	14	131	PID upper limit	0 to 100%, 9999 0 to 100%,	9999
77	selection Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	0	132	PID lower limit	9999	9999
78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	0	133	PID action set point	0 to 100%, 9999	9999
© 79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	0	134	PID differential time	0.01 to 10.00s, 9999	9999
		0.1 to 15kW,		145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	0
80	Motor capacity	9999 2, 4, 6, 8, 10,	9999	146 *7	Built-in potentiometer switching	0, 1	1
81	Number of motor poles	9999 0 to 500A	9999	147	Acceleration/deceleration time switching frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999
82	Motor excitation current	(0 to ****),	9999	150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	150%
83	Rated motor voltage	9999 *5 0 to 1000V	200/400V	151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0s
	-		*4	152	Zero current detection level	0 to 200%	5%
84	Rated motor frequency	10 to 120Hz	60Hz	153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.5s
89	Speed control gain (Advanced magnetic flux vector)	0 to 200%, 9999	9999	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	0
90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50Ω (0 to ****), 9999 *5	9999	157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0s
		0 to 50Ω		© 160	User group read selection	0, 1, 9999	0
91	Motor constant (R2)	(0 to ****), 9999 *5	9999	161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	0
92	Motor constant (L1)	0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω, 0 to ****),	9999	162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1
		9999 *5		165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	150%
		0 to 1000mH (0 to 50Ω,		168	Description of the second second		
93	Motor constant (L2)	Ò to ****),	9999	169	Parameter for manufacturer se	tting. Do not se	et.
		9999 *5		170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	9999
		0 to 100% (0 to 500Ω,		171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	9999
94	Motor constant (X)	0 to ****), 9999 *5	9999	172	User group registered display/ batch clear	9999, (0 to 16)	0
96	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 1, 11, 21	0	173	User group registration	0 to 999, 9999	9999
117	PU communication station number	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	0	174	User group clear	0 to 999, 9999	9999
118	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	192			0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	
119	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1	178	STF terminal function selection	14 to 16, 18, 24, 25, 60,	60
120	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	2			62, 65 to 67, 9999	
121	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1			0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	
122	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	0	179	STR terminal function selection	14 to 16, 18, 24, 25, 61,	61
123	PU communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	9999			62, 65 to 67, 9999	
124	PU communication CR/LF selection	0, 1, 2	1				

Parameter list

	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value		
	RL terminal function selection		0	247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	9999		
	RM terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	1		Earth (ground) fault detection				
192 +10	RH terminal function selection MRS terminal function	14 to 16, 18, 24, 25,	2	249	at start	0, 1	0		
18/	selection RES terminal function selection	62, 65 to 67, 9999	62	250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	9999		
	3616611011	0, 1, 3, 4, 7,		251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1		
		3, 11 to 16, 20, 25, 26,		255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	0		
	RUN terminal function	46, 47, 64, 68 *6, 80, 81,	0	256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	100%		
	selection	90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101,		257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	100%		
		103, 104, 107, 108,		258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	100%		
		111 to 116, 120, 125,		259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	0		
		126, 146, 147, 164,		261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	0		
191	FU terminal function selection	168 *6, 180,	4	267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	0		
191		181, 190, 191, 193,	7	268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	9999		
		195, 196, 198, 199,		269	Parameter for manufacturer se	tting. Do not se	t.		
		9999 0, 1, 3, 4, 7,		270	Stop-on contact control selection	0, 1	0		
	A,B,C terminal function selection	8, 11 to 16, 20, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64,		275	Stop-on contact excitation current low-speed multiplying factor	0 to 300%, 9999	9999		
		68 *6, 80, 81, 90, 91, 95,	99		276	PWM carrier frequency at stop-on contact	0 to 9, 9999	9999	
		96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108,		277	Stall prevention operation current switchover	0, 1	0		
				278	Brake opening frequency	0 to 30Hz	3Hz		
		1111 to 116 120, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164,	111 to 116, 120, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 168 *6, 180,		279	Brake opening current	0 to 200%	130%	
				126, 146,		280	Brake opening current detection time	0 to 2s	0.3s
						281	Brake operation time at start	0 to 5s	0.3s
		181, 190, 191, 195, 196, 198,			282	Brake operation frequency	0 to 30Hz	6Hz	
				283	Brake operation time at stop	0 to 5s	0.3s		
		199, 9999		286	Droop gain	0 to 100%	0%		
232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	287 292	Droop filter time constant Automatic acceleration/	0 to 1s 0, 1, 7, 8, 11	0.3s 0		
233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	293	deceleration Acceleration/deceleration	0 to 2	0		
234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	295	separate selection Magnitude of frequency	0, 0.01, 0.1,	0		
235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999		change setting	1, 10 0 to 6, 99,			
236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	296	Password lock level	100 to 106, 199, 9999	9999		
237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	297	Password lock/unlock	(0 to 5), 1000 to 9998, 9999	9999		
238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	298	Frequency search gain	0 to 32767, 9999	9999		
	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	9999	299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	0		
	•	0, 1	1	200	Communication operation	0.4			
241	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	0	338	command source Communication speed	0, 1	0		
244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1	339	command source Communication startup mode	0, 1, 2	0		
2-7-9	Bated slip 0 to 50%, 0000 340		340	selection	0, 1, 10	0			
244	Rated slip	9999 9999	9999	342	Communication EEPROM	0, 1	0		

450 Second applied motor 0, 1, 9999 9999 495 Remote output selection 0, 1, 10, 11 0 496 Remote output data 1 0 to 4095 0 502 Stop mode selection at communication error 0, 1, 2, 3 0 503 Maintenance timer 0 (1 to 9998) 0 504 Maintenance timer alarm output set time 0 to 9998, 9999 547 USB communication station number 0 to 9998, 9999 548 USB communication check time interval 0 to 9998, 9999 549 Protocol selection 0, 1 0 550 NET mode operation command source selection 0, 2, 9999 9999 555 Current average time 0, 1 to 1.0s 1s 566 Data output mask time 0 to 20s 0s 577 Current average value monitor signal output reference current 0 to 500A Rated inverter current 563 Speed smoothing control 0 to 10s, 9999 9999 611 Acceleration time at a restart 0 to 10s, 9999	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
496Remote output data 10 to 40950497Remote output data 20 to 40950502Stop mode selection at communication error0, 1, 2, 30503Maintenance timer0 to 9998, 99999999544Maintenance timer alarm output set time0 to 9998, 99999999547USB communication check time interval0 to 999, 8, 99999999549Protocol selection0, 10550NET mode operation command source selection0, 2, 99999999551PU mode operation command source selection0 to 500ARated inverter555Current average time0 to 500ANet end inverterNet end inverter563Energization time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying-over times(0 to 600A)100565Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0566Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 200%0571Holding time at a start0 to 100, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%100800Control method selection2, 1, 20872 +9Input phase loss protection selection0, 1, 20800Control method selection0, 1, 20800Control method selection0, 1, 20801Torque current0 to 3000100%883Regeneration avoidance operation sel	450	Second applied motor	0, 1, 9999	9999
497Remote output data 20 to 40950502Stop mode selection at communication error0, 1, 2, 30503Maintenance timer0 (1 to 9998)0504Maintenance timer alarm output set time0 to 9998, 99999999547USB communication station number0 to 999.8s, 99999999549Protocol selection0, 10550NET mode operation command source selection0, 2, 99999999555Current average time0, 1 to 1.0s1s556Data output mask time0 to 20s0s557Current average value monitor signal output reference current0 to 500ARated inverter current563Energization time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)00571Holding time at a start0 to 3000s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%100664Regeneration avoidance requency gain0 to 500A100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A100860Control method selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20884Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20885Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit y9990 to 300%100%886Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit y9990 to 400Hz <td>495</td> <td>Remote output selection</td> <td>0, 1, 10, 11</td> <td>0</td>	495	Remote output selection	0, 1, 10, 11	0
502Stop mode selection at communication error0, 1, 2, 30503Maintenance timer0 (1 to 9998)0504Maintenance timer alarm output set time0 to 9998, 99999999547USB communication station number0 to 310548USB communication check time interval0 to 999.8s, 99999999549Protocol selection0, 10550NET mode operation command source selection0, 2, 99999999551PU mode operation command source selection0 to 20s0s556Data output mask time0 to 20s0s557Current average traue monitor signal output reference current0 to 500AInverter inverter rourent563Energization time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)00571Holding time at a start0 to 3000, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 500A, 100100800Control method selection20, 3020872 *9Input phase loss protection selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 200%100%884Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz885Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 300%100%886Regeneration avoidance compe	496	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	0
302communication error0, 1, 2, 30503Maintenance timer0, 10 10998, 99999999504Maintenance timer alarm output set time0 to 9998, 99999999547USB communication station number0 to 310548USB communication check time interval0 to 999.8, 99999999549Protocol selection0, 10550NET mode operation command source selection0, 2, 99999999551PU mode operation command source selection0 to 2080s555Current average time0, 10 to 10.51s556Data output mask time0 to 500AInverter current563Energization time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)0571Holding time at a start0 to 300.0206653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%100665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0, 1 010800Control method selection20, 3020872 -9Input phase loss protection speration selection0, 1, 20888Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 109999999889Free parameter 10 to 3000 to 800V"400VDC/ 78-4886Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 300%100%888Free parameter 10 to 300%0%<	497	Remote output data 2	0 to 4095	0
504Maintenance timer alarm output set time 0 to 9998, 99999999547USB communication station number 0 to 31 0 548USB communication check time interval 0 to 999.8s, 99999999549Protocol selection $0, 1$ 0 550NET mode operation command source selection $0, 2, 9999$ 9999551PU mode operation command source selection 2 to $4, 9999$ 9999555Current average time 0.1 to $1.0s$ $1s$ 556Data output mask time 0 to $500A$ Rated inverter current563Energization time carrying- work times 0 to 5535 0 571Holding time at a start 0 to $108,$ 9999 9999 611Acceleration time at a restart 0 to $3600s,$ 9999 9999 653Speed smoothing control 0 to 200% 0 859 Torque current 0 to $500A$ 100 800 Control method selection $20, 30$ 20 859 Torque current 0 to 5000% 100 883 Regeneration avoidance operation selection $0, 1, 2$ 0 886 Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value 0 to 100% $400\%C/$ 888 Free parameter 1 0 to 9999 9999 $872 * 9$ Input phase loss protection selection 0 to $101Hz$, $9999 *5872 * 9Input phase loss protectionselection0 to 100\%888$	502		0, 1, 2, 3	0
304output set time99999999547USB communication station number0 to 310548USB communication check time interval0 to 999.8s, 99999999549Protocol selection0. 2, 99999999550NET mode operation command source selection0. 2, 99999999551PU mode operation command source selection2 to 4, 99999999555Current average time0.1 to 1.0s1 s556Data output mask time0 to 20s0s557Current average value monitor signal output reference current0 to 500ARated inverter current563Energization time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0571Holding time at a start0 to 300s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance requency gain0 to 500A100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A400VDC/ 780VDC883Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20886Regeneration avoidance operation selection0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz888Free parameter 10 to 99999999999633Speed smoothing control0 to 200%100%888Free parameter 20 to 99999999989SoSo0 to 10Hz, 9999 *56Hz886Regeneration avoidance o	503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	0
547number0 to 310548USB communication check time interval0 to 999.8s, 99999999549Protocol selection0, 10550NET mode operation command source selection0, 2, 99999999551PU mode operation command source selection2 to 4, 99999999555Current average time0.1 to 1.0s1s556Data output mask time0 to 500ARated inverter current563Energization time carrying- over times0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying- over times0 to 10s, 99999999611Acceleration time at a restart0 to 3600s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0, 11800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A (to 500A)100880Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20881Regeneration avoidance operation selection0 to 10Hz, 9999 +s6Hz885Regeneration avoidance ooperation level0 to 10Hz, 9999 +s6Hz888Free parameter 10 to 99999999888Free parameter 10 to 99999999888Free parameter 10 to 400Hz0Hz9000-seTerminal 2 frequency setting pias frequency0 to 400Hz0Hz903)-seTerminal 2 frequency se	504			9999
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351source selection2 to 4, 99999999555Current average time0.1 to 1.0s1 s556Data output mask time0 to 20s0s557Current average value monitor signal output reference current0 to 500ARated inverter current563Energization time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)0571Holding time at a start0 to 3600s, 99999999611Acceleration time at a restart0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 500A20800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A (0 to 500A)9999882Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 11883Regeneration avoidance operation level0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 200%100%888Free parameter 10 to 90999999888Free parameter 10 to 200%100%888Free parameter 20 to 300%0%900entrinal 2 frequency setting bias0 to 400Hz0Hz901Sain frequency0 to 400Hz6Hz902Ferminal 2 frequency setting bias0 to 300%0%903)=8Farminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz6Hz903)=8Terminal 2 frequenc	550		0, 2, 9999	9999
556Data output mask time0 to 20s0 s557Current average value monitor signal output reference current0 to 500ARated inverter current563Energization time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying-over times(0 to 65535)0571Holding time at a start0 to 10s, 99999999611Acceleration time at a restart0 to 3600s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 200%100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A400VDC/ 780VDC882Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation level0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance voltage gain0 to 100%100%888Free parameter 10 to 99999999900FM terminal calibrationC2 (900) = 8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC3 (903) = 8 gain frequency0 to 300%00%125Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%C4 (903) = 8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC4 (903) = 8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0HzC4 (904) = 8Terminal	551		2 to 4, 9999	9999
557Current average value monitor signal output reference current0 to 500ARated inverter current563Energization time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0571Holding time at a start0 to 10s, 99999999611Acceleration time at a restart0 to 3600s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 500A (0 to 500A (0 to 500A)9999872 *9Input phase loss protection selection0, 11882Regeneration avoidance operation level0 to 10Hz, (0 to 780VDC/ 780VDC/ 780VDC/ 780VDC/ *40 to 10Hz, 9999883Regeneration avoidance operation level0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 200%100%888Free parameter 10 to 99999999989Free parameter 20 to 300%0%900)**FM terminal calibrationC2 (900)**Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 300%0%125Terminal 2 frequency setting gain0 to 300%0%903)**Terminal 2 frequency setting gain0 to 300%100%C4 (903)**Terminal 2 frequency setting gain0 to 300%0%C5 (904)**Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0Hz<	555	Current average time	0.1 to 1.0s	1s
557Current average value monitor signal output reference current over times0 to 500Ainverter current563Energization time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0564Operating time carrying- over times(0 to 65535)0571Holding time at a start99999999611Acceleration time at a restart0 to 10s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 500A100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A (0 to 500A)9999882Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 11883Regeneration avoidance operation level300 to 800V400VDC/ 780VDC *4885Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Free parameter 10 to 99999999889Free parameter 20 to 99999999900***Emrinal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC2 (902) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 300%0%125Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz6HzC4 (903) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain0 to 300%100%C5 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0HzC6 (264Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0	556	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0s
363over times10 to 60000000000000000000000000000000000	557		0 to 500A	inverter
304times(0.0.000000000000000000000000000000000	563		(0 to 65535)	0
571Holding unite at a start99999999611Acceleration time at a restart0 to 3600s, 99999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 200%100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A (0 to 500A (0 to 500A)9999872 *9Input phase loss protection selection0, 11882Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation level300 to 800V 9999400VDC/ 780VDC *4885Regeneration avoidance ooperation level0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance voltage gain0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz888Free parameter 10 to 99999999889Free parameter 20 to 99999999900)**FM terminal calibrationC2 (900)**Terminal 2 frequency setting bias0 to 400Hz0Hz(902)**Terminal 2 frequency setting piasin frequency0 to 300%0%125 (903)**Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%C4 (903)**Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0HzC5 (904)**Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0HzC6 (904)**Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0Hz	564		(0 to 65535)	0
611Acceleration time at a restart 999999999999653Speed smoothing control0 to 200%0665Regeneration avoidance frequency gain0 to 200%100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 500A (0 to ***), 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 9999*, 872 *9Input phase loss protection 0, 10, 1882Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation level300 to 800V400VDC/ 780VDC885Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit voltage gain0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance voltage gain0 to 200%100%888Free parameter 10 to 99999999899Free parameter 20 to 99999999899Free parameter 20 to 400Hz0Hz(900)**Fartinal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz0Hz(903)**Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%(903)**Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC4Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0Hz(903)**Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC5Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC5Terminal 4 frequ	571	Holding time at a start		9999
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bbsfrequency gain0 to 200%100800Control method selection20, 3020859Torque current0 to 5000, 0 to 5000, 9999 *59999872 *9Input phase loss protection selection selection0, 11882Regeneration avoidance operation level0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 10Hz, 9999400VDC/ 780VDC *4886Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz888Free parameter 10 to 99999999889Free parameter 20 to 99999999900)*8FM terminal calibrationC2 (900)*8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz0Hz125Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%0%125Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%C4 (903)*8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 12 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC4 (903)*8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC4 (903)*8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC6 (904)*8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0Hz	653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0
859Torque current0 to 500A (9 0 0 999 * s)9999872 * 9Input phase loss protection selection0, 11882Regeneration avoidance operation selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation level300 to 800V400VDC/ 780VDC885Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance voltage gain0 to 200%100%887Free parameter 10 to 99999999888Free parameter 20 to 99999999889Free parameter 20 to 400Hz0Hz(900) *8FM terminal calibrationC2 (902) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias0 to 300%0%125 (903) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%C4 (903) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 12 frequency0 to 300%100%C5 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain 14 frequency setting gain 5 frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC6 (904 *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain 4 frequency setting gain 5 frequency0 to 400Hz0Hz	665			100
859Torque current(0 to ****), 9999 9999 *59999 9999 *5872 *9Input phase loss protection selection0, 11882Regeneration avoidance operation level0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation level300 to 800V400VDC/ 780VDC885Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance voltage gain0 to 200%100%888Free parameter 10 to 99999999889Free parameter 20 to 99999999889Free parameter 20 to 400Hz0HzC0 (900) *8FM terminal calibrationC2 (92) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC3 (903) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain facquency0 to 300%100%C4 (903) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain0 to 300%100%C5 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0HzC4 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0HzC6 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain0 to 400Hz0Hz	800	Control method selection		20
672 so selection 0, 1 1 882 Regeneration avoidance operation selection 0, 1, 2 0 883 Regeneration avoidance operation level 300 to 800V 400VDC/ 780VDC red 883 Regeneration avoidance operation level 300 to 800V 400VDC/ 780VDC red 885 Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value 0 to 10Hz, 9999 6Hz 886 Regeneration avoidance voltage gain 0 to 200% 100% 888 Free parameter 1 0 to 9999 9999 899 Free parameter 2 0 to 9999 9999 900 • s FM terminal calibration C2 (900) • s Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C3 (902) • s Terminal 2 frequency setting bias 0 to 300% 0% (903) • s Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 100% C4 (903) • s Terminal 4 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 0Hz C4 (904) • s Terminal 4 frequency setting gain 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting gain 0 to 400Hz 0Hz	859	Torque current	(0 to ****),	9999
882operation selection0, 1, 20883Regeneration avoidance operation level300 to 800V400VDC/ 780VDC *4885Regeneration avoidance operation level0 to 10Hz, 99996Hz886Regeneration avoidance value0 to 200%100%886Regeneration avoidance voltage gain0 to 200%100%888Free parameter 10 to 99999999C0 (900) *8FM terminal calibrationC2 202) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC3 (902) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency0 to 400Hz60HzC4 (903) *8Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%C4 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gains0 to 300%100%C5 bias frequencyTerminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 400Hz0HzC4 (904) *8Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency0 to 300%100%	872 *9		0, 1	1
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CO (900) *8 FM terminal calibration C2 (902) *8 Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C3 (902) *8 Terminal 2 frequency setting bias 0 to 300% 0% 125 (903) *8 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency 0 to 400Hz 60Hz C4 (903) *8 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 100% C5 (904) *8 Terminal 4 frequency setting losis frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting (904) *8 0 to 300% 20%		Free parameter 1		9999
(900) *8 FM terminal Calibration - - C2 Terminal 2 frequency setting (902) *8 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C3 Terminal 2 frequency setting (902) *8 0 to 300% 0% 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting (903) *8 0 to 400Hz 60Hz C4 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 100% C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting (904) *8 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting 0 to 400Hz 0Hz		Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	9999
(902) *8 bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0HZ C3 Terminal 2 frequency setting (902) *8 0 to 300% 0% 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency 0 to 400Hz 60Hz C4 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 100% C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting 0 to 300% 20%	(900) *8	FM terminal calibration	_	_
(902) +8 bias 0 to 300% 0% 125 Terminal 2 frequency setting (903) +8 0 to 400Hz 60Hz C4 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 100% C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting (904) +8 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting (904) +8 0 to 300% 20%	(902) *8	bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
(903) *8 gain frequency 0 to 400Hz 60Hz C4 Terminal 2 frequency setting gain 0 to 300% 100% C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting 0 to 300% 20%	(902) *8	bias	0 to 300%	0%
(903) *8 gain 0 to 300% 100% C5 Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting 0 to 300% 20%			0 to 400Hz	60Hz
(904) *8 bias frequency 0 to 400Hz 0Hz C6 Terminal 4 frequency setting 0 to 300% 20%			0 to 300%	100%
		bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0Hz
			0 to 300%	20%

Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Initial Value
126 (905) *8	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C7 (905) *8	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	100%
C22 (922) *7*8	Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0
C23 (922) *7*8	Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0
C24 (923) *7*8	Frequency setting voltage gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	60Hz
C25 (923) *7*8	Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	100%
990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1
991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	58
Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	0
ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	0
Er.CL	Faults history clear	0, 1	0
Pr.CH	Initial value change list	-	_

*1 Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.75K or lower

- 4%: 1.5K to 3.7K
- 4%. 1.5K (0 3.7)

3%: 5.5K, 7.5K

- 2%: 11K, 15K *2 Differ according to capacities.
 - 5s: 3.7K or lower
 - 10s: 5.5K, 7.5K
 - 15s: 11K, 15K

*3 Differ according to capacities.

- 6%: 0.1K, 0.2K
- 4%: 0.4K to 7.5K

- *4 The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (200V class/400V class)
- *5 The range differs according to the Pr. 71 setting.
- *6 The setting values "68 and 168" are only available with FR-E7DS mounted.
- *7 Set this parameter when calibrating the operation panel built-in potentiometer for the FR-E500 series operation panel (PA02) connected with cable.
- *8 The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07).
- *9 Available only for the three-phase power input model.
- *10 This setting is active only during the communication operation.

^{2%: 11}K, 15K

8 TROUBLESHOOTING

When a fault occurs in the inverter, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to one of the following fault or alarm indications.

If the fault does not correspond to any of the following faults or if you have any other problem, please contact your sales representative.

- Retention of fault output signal .. When the magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side of the inverter is opened when
 a fault occurs, the inverter's control power will be lost and the fault output will not be held.
- Fault or alarm indication...........When a fault or alarm occurs, the operation panel display automatically switches to the fault or alarm indication.
- Resetting method......When a fault occurs, the inverter output is kept stopped. Unless reset, therefore, the inverter cannot restart. (*Refer to page 39*)
- When any fault occurs, take the appropriate corrective action, then reset the inverter, and resume operation. Not doing so may lead to the inverter fault and damage.

Inverter fault or alarm indications are roughly categorized as below.

(1) Error message

A message regarding operational fault and setting fault by the operation panel and parameter unit (FR-PU04 /FR-PU07) is displayed. The inverter does not trip.

(2) Warning

The inverter does not trip even when a warning is displayed. However, failure to take appropriate measures will lead to a fault. (3) Alarm

- The inverter does not trip. You can also output an alarm signal by making parameter setting.
- (4) Fault

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and a fault signal is output.

REMARKS

- For the details of fault displays and other malfunctions, also manual (Applied).
- Past eight faults can be displayed using the setting dial. (Refer to page 3 for the operation.)

8.1 Reset method of protective function

The inverter can be reset by performing any of the following operations. Note that the internal thermal integrated value of the electronic thermal relay function and the number of retries are cleared (erased) by resetting the inverter. Inverter recovers about 1s after the reset is released.

Operation 1: Using the operation panel, press (STOP) to reset the inverter.

(This may only be performed when a fault occurs (Refer to page 40 for fault.))

ON, "Err." appears (flickers) to indicate that the inverter is in a reset status.)



Inverter



Operation 3: Switch power OFF once. After the indicator of the operation panel turns OFF, switch it ON again.

Operation 2: Turn ON the reset signal (RES) for more than 0.1s. (If the RES signal is kept





• Use the operation 1 or 2 to reset when using the 24V external power supply. (Inverter with FR-E7DS mounted.)



OFF status of the start signal must be confirmed before resetting the inverter fault. Resetting inverter fault with the start signal ON restarts the motor suddenly.

8.2 List of fault displays

When a fault occurs in the inverter, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to one of the following fault or alarm indications.

The error message shows an operational error. The inverter output is not shut off.

Warnings are messages given before faults occur. The inverter output is not shut off.

Alarms warn the operator of failures with output signals. The inverter output is not shut off.

When faults occur, the protective functions are activated to inverter trip and output the fault signals.

	Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display
	Operation panel lock	Operation has been attempted during the	Press (MODE) for 2s to release the lock.	нога
		operation panel lock.	0	
	Password locked	Reading/writing of a password-restricted	Enter the password in Pr. 297 Password lock/unlock to unlock the	6301
		parameter has been attempted.Parameter setting has been attempted although	password function before operating.	
		parameter writing is set to be disabled.		
		Overlapping range has been set for the	 Check the setting of Pr. 77 Parameter write selection. 	
	Write disable error	frequency jump.	 Check the settings of Pr. 31 to Pr. 36 (frequency jump). 	Er I
		PU and the inverter cannot make normal	 Check the connection of PU and the inverter. 	
		communication.		
ge	Write error during	Parameter writing has been attempted while a	Set "2" in Pr. 77 Parameter write selection.	
ssa	operation	value other than "2" is set in Pr. 77 Parameter write	After stopping the operation, set parameters.	8-2
message	operation	selection and the STF (STR) is ON.		
Error	Calibration error	Analog input bias and gain calibration values have	Check the settings of calibration parameters C3, C4, C6 and C7	Er 3
ñ		been set too close.	(calibration functions).	0.5
			After setting the operation mode to the "PU operation mode,"	
		Parameter setting has been attempted in the	set parameters.	
		External or NET operation mode when Pr.77	 Set "2" in <i>Pr.77 Parameter write selection.</i> Disconnect the USB cable from the USB connector and the 	
	Mode designation error	Parameter write selection is not "2."	 Disconnect the USB cable from the USB connector and the parameter unit (FR-PU04/FR-PU07) from the PU connector, 	Ery
		Parameter writing has been attempted when the	then set Pr. 551 PU mode operation command source selection =	
		command source is not at the operation panel.	"9999 (initial setting)."	
			 Set Pr. 551 PU mode operation command source selection = "4." 	
		The reset signal (RES signal) is ON.		~
	Inverter reset	(Inverter output is shutoff.)	Turn OFF the reset command.	Err.
			Increase or decrease the Pr. 0 Torque boost setting by 1% and	
			check the motor status.	
			Set the acceleration/deceleration time longer.	
			Reduce the load. Try Advanced magnetic flux vector control or	
			General-purpose magnetic flux vector control. • Check the peripheral devices for faults.	
			Adjust the <i>Pr. 13 Starting frequency</i> setting. Change the <i>Pr. 14</i>	
	Stall prevention	The overcurrent stall prevention has been	Load pattern selection setting.	Οι
	(overcurrent)	activated.	Set the stall prevention operation current in Pr. 22 Stall	00
			prevention operation level. (The acceleration/deceleration time	
			may change.) Increase the stall prevention operation level	
			with Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level, or disable stall	
			prevention with Pr. 156 Stall prevention operation selection.	
			(Operation at OL occurrence can be selected using Pr. 156	
<u>B</u>		The second s	Stall prevention operation selection.)	
Warning	Stall prevention	The overvoltage stall prevention function has been activated.		
Wa	(overvoltage)	(This warning is also output during the	Set the deceleration time longer.	ol
	(overvoitage)	regeneration avoidance operation.)		
		The regenerative brake duty has reached 85% of	Set the deceleration time longer.	
	Regenerative brake	the Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty setting or	Check the Pr.30 Regenerative function selection and Pr. 70 Special	r 6
	prealarm *2	higher.	regenerative brake duty settings.	
	Electronic thermal relay	The cumulative value of the electronic thermal O/L	Reduce the load and frequency of operation.	
	function prealarm *1	relay has reached 85% of the Pr. 9 Electronic	Reduce the load and frequency of operation. Set an appropriate value in <i>Pr. 9 Electronic thermal O/L relay.</i>	ſH
		thermal O/L relay setting or higher.	cortan appropriate value in 11. 5 Electronic merillar O/E felay.	
	PU stop	(NOP) on the operation panel has been pressed	Turn the start signal OFF and release with (PU).	ρs
		during the External operation.	Turn the start signal OFF and release with ET.	
	Maintenance signal	The cumulative energization time has exceeded	Setting "0" in Pr. 503 Maintananas times erases the signal	nr
	output *2	the maintenance output timer set value.	Setting "0" in Pr. 503 Maintenance timer erases the signal.	
		The voltage at the main circuit power has been	Investigate the devices on the power supply line such as the	
	Undervoltage	lowered.	power supply itself.	Uu

List of fault displays

	Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display
Warning	Safety stop	Safety stop function is activated (during output shutoff).	• When not using the safety stop function, short across terminals S1 and PC and across S2 and PC with shorting wire for the inverter to run. • If <i>S</i> _R is indicated when across S1 and PC and across S2 and PC are both shorted while using the safety stop function (drive enabled), internal failure might be the cause. Check the wiring of terminals S1, S2 and PC and contact your sales representative if the wiring has no fault.	SR
5	24V external power supply operation	The main circuit power supply is not supplied and the 24V external power is supplied while FR-E7DS is mounted. (The display flickers.)	• Turn ON the power supply for the inverter (main circuit). • If \mathcal{E}_{U} appears by turning ON the power supply of the inverter (main circuit) while the external 24V power is supplied, check the power supply (for the main circuit). • Check if the jumper is installed securely between terminal P/+ and P1.	ευ
Alarm	Fan alarm	The cooling fan is at a standstill although it is required to be operated. The cooling fan speed has decelerated.	Check for fan failure. Please contact your sales representative.	Fn
	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	Overcurrent has occurred during acceleration.	 Set the acceleration time longer. (Shorten the downward acceleration time in vertical lift application.) If "E.O.C1" always appears at start, disconnect the motor once and restart the inverter. If "E.O.C1" still appears, the inverter may be faulty. Contact your sales representative. Check the wiring for output short circuit and ground fault. When the rated motor frequency is 50Hz, set the <i>Pr. 3 Base frequency</i> to 50Hz. Lower the stall prevention operation level. Activate the stall prevention operation level. Activate the stall prevention operation level. For the operation with frequent regenerative driving, set the base voltage (rated motor voltage, etc.) in <i>Pr. 19 Base frequency voltage</i>. If the motor is coasting, stop the motor, then input a start command. Alternatively, use the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function. 	E.D.C 1
	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	Overcurrent has occurred during constant speed operation.	Keep the load stable. Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit or ground fault. Lower the stall prevention operation level. Activate the stall prevention operation and the fast-response current limit operation. (<i>Pr.156</i>) If the motor is coasting, stop the motor, then input a start command. Alternatively, use the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function.	E.DC 2
Fault	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop	Overcurrent has occurred during deceleration or at a stop.	Set the deceleration time longer. Check the wiring to avoid output short circuit or ground fault. Check the mechanical brake is set to be activated too early. Lower the stall prevention operation level. Activate the stall prevention operation and the fast-response current limit operation. (<i>Pr.156</i>) If the motor is coasting, stop the motor, then input a start command. Alternatively, use the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function.	E.DC 3
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration	Overvoltage has occurred during acceleration.	 Set the acceleration time shorter. Use the regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882, Pr. 883, Pr.885, Pr.886</i>) Set the <i>Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level</i> correctly. 	E.Du I
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed	Overvoltage has occurred during constant speed operation.	Keep the load stable. Use the regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882, Pr. 883, Pr.885, Pr.885, Pr.885, Pr.885, Pr.885, Pr.885, Pr.885, Pr.886, Pr.885, Pr.886, Pr.886, Pr.886, Pr.80, Pr.20, Pr.2</i>	5003
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop	Overvoltage has occurred during deceleration or at a stop.	 Set the deceleration time longer. (Set the deceleration time which matches the moment of inertia of the load.) Make the brake cycle longer. Use the regeneration avoidance function (<i>Pr. 882, Pr. 883, Pr.885, Pr.886</i>) Use the brake resistor, brake unit or power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) as required. 	£.0 J 3

→ List of fault displays

Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display
Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal O/L relay function) *1	The electronic thermal relay function for inverter element protection has been activated.	 Set the acceleration time longer. Adjust the Pr. 0 Torque boost setting. Set the Pr. 14 Load pattern selection setting according to the load pattern of the using machine. Reduce the load. Set the surrounding air temperature to within the specifications. 	<i>Е.Г.Н</i> Г
Motor overload trip (electronic thermal O/L relay function) *1	The electronic thermal relay function for motor protection has been activated.	Reduce the load. For a constant-forque motor, set the constant-forque motor in <i>Pr.</i> 71 Applied motor. Set the stall prevention operation level accordingly.	<i>Е</i> Г НП
Heatsink overheat	The heatsink has overheated.	Set the surrounding air temperature to within the specifications. Clean the heatsink. Replace the cooling fan.	EFI n
Input phase loss *2	One of the three phases on the inverter input side has been lost. It may also appear if phase-to- phase voltage of the three-phase power input has become largely unbalanced.	Wire the cables properly. Repair a break portion in the cable. Check the <i>Pr.</i> 872 <i>Input phase loss protection selection</i> setting. Set <i>Pr.</i> 872 <i>Input phase loss protection selection</i> = "0" (without input phase loss protection) when three-phase input voltage is largely unbalanced.	EJ L F
Stall prevention stop	The output frequency has dropped to 1Hz as a result of deceleration due to the excess motor load.	Reduce the load. (Check the Pr. 22 Stall prevention operation level setting.)	E.OL F
Brake transistor alarm detection	A fault has occurred in the brake circuit, such as a brake transistor breakage.(In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately.)	Replace the inverter.	Е. БЕ
Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start *2	An earth (ground) fault has occurred on the inverter's output side (detected only at a start).	Remedy the ground fault portion.	E. GF
Output phase loss	One of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's output side (load side) has been lost during inverter operation.	 Wire the cables properly. If the motor capacity is smaller than the inverter capacity, choose the inverter and motor capacities that match. If the motor is coasting, stop the motor, then input a start command. Alternatively, use the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure/flying start function. 	E. LF
External thermal relay operation *2	The external thermal relay connected to the OH signal has been activated.	 Reduce the load and operate less frequently. Even if the relay contacts are reset automatically, the inverter will not restart unless it is reset. 	<i>Е.</i> ОНГ
Option fault	A communication option has been mounted while Pr.296 Password lock level = "0 or 100."	 To apply the password lock when installing a communication option, set <i>Pr.296 Password lock level</i> * "0, 100." If the problem still persists after taking the above measure, contact your sales representative. 	E.DPF
Communication option fault	A communication error has occurred on the communication line of the communication option.	Check the settings of the option functions. Connect the built-in option securely. Check the connections of the communication cables. Connect terminating resistors correctly.	E.OP I
Option fault	A fault, such as a contact fault, has occurred at the contactor of the inverter or the plug-in option. The setting of the switch on the plug-in option, which is for manufacturer setting, has been changed.	 Connect the plug-in option securely. Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. If the situation does not improve after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative. Set the switch on the plug-in option, which is for manufacturer setting, back to the initial setting. (Refer to the Instruction Manual of each option.) 	ε. ι
Parameter storage device fault	Operation of the component where parameters are stored (control circuit board) has become abnormal.	Please contact your sales representative. When performing parameter writing frequently for communication purposes, set "1" in <i>Pr. 342 Communication EEPROM write selection</i> to enable RAM write. Note that powering OFF returns the inverter to the status before RAM write.	E. PE
Internal board fault	The control circuit board and the main circuit board do not match.	Please contact your sales representative. (For parts replacement, consult the nearest Mitsubishi FA Center.)	539,3
PU disconnection	 A communication error has occurred between the PU and the inverter. The communication interval has exceeded the permissible time period during RS-485 communication via the PU connector. The number of communication errors has exceeded the number of retries. 	Connect the parameter unit cable securely. Check the communication data and communication settings. Increase the <i>Pr. 122 PU communication check time interval</i> setting, or set "9999" (no communication check).	EPUE
Retry count excess *2	Operation restart within the set number of retries has failed.	Eliminate the cause of the error preceding this error indication.	E.r. E.f

	Function Name	Description	Corrective action	Display
	CPU fault	An error has occurred in the CPU and in the peripheral circuits.	Take measures against noises if there are devices producing excess electrical noises around the inverter. Check the connection between the terminals PC and SD. (E6/ E7) If the situation does not improve after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative.	Ε. 5/ Ε. 5/ Ε. η/ Ε.Ρυ
	Brake sequence fault *2	A sequence error has occurred while the brake sequence function (<i>Pr.278 to Pr.283</i>) is valid.	Check the parameter setting and check the wiring.	ЕЛЬЧ ю ЕЛЬЛ
	Inrush current limit circuit fault	The resistor of the inrush current limit circuit has overheated.	Configure a circuit where frequent power ON/OFF is not repeated. If the situation does not improve after taking the above measure, please contact your sales representative.	ЕЈ ОН
Fault	Analog input fault	A voltage (current) has been input to terminal 4 when the setting in <i>Pr. 267 Terminal 4 input selection</i> and the setting of voltage/current input switch are different.	Give a frequency command by a current input or set Pr.267 Terminal 4 input selection, and set the voltage/current input switch to voltage input.	E.RI E
	USB communication fault	The communication has been broken for <i>Pr. 548</i> USB communication check time interval.	Check the Pr.548 USB communication check time interval setting. Check the USB communication cable. Increase the Pr.548 USB communication check time interval setting, or set "9999."	£.US&
	The safety circuit fault has occurred, or either the contact between terminals S1 and PC or the contact between terminals S2 and PC has opened.		When not using the safety stop function, short across terminals S1 and PC and across S2 and PC with shorting wire. When using the safety stop function, check that wiring of terminal S1, S2 and PC is correct and the safety stop input signal source such as safety relay module is operating properly. Refer to the Safety stop function instruction manual (BCN-211508-004) for causes and countermeasures. (Refer to the front cover for how to obtain the manual.)	E.SRF
	Internal circuit fault	An internal circuit fault has occurred.	Please contact your sales representative.	E. 13

Resetting the inverter initializes the internal cumulative heat value of the electronic thermal relay function. This protective function is not available in the initial status.

*1 *2

Check first when you have a trouble 8.3

Description	Countermeasure
Motor does not start.	Check start and frequency command sources and enter a start command (STF, etc.) and a
Motor does not start.	frequency command.
Motor or machine is making abnormal	Take EMC measures if a steady operation cannot be performed due to EMI. Alternatively, set
acoustic noise.	the Pr.74 Input filter time constant setting higher.
Inverter generates abnormal noise.	Install a fan cover correctly.
Motor generates heat abnormally.	Clean the motor fan. Improve the environment.
	Connect phase sequence of the output cables (terminal U, V, W) to the motor correctly.
Motor rotates in the opposite direction.	Alternatively, check the connection of the start signal. (STF: forward rotation, STR: reverse
	rotation)
Speed greatly differs from the setting.	Check the settings of Pr.1 Maximum frequency, Pr.2 Minimum frequency, Pr.18 High speed maximum
Speed greatly differs from the setting.	frequency, and calibration parameters C2 to C7.
Acceleration/deceleration is not smooth.	Reduce the load. Alternatively, increase the acceleration/deceleration time.
Speed varies during operation.	Check the frequency setting signals. If the load fluctuates, select Advanced magnetic flux
Speed valles during operation.	vector control or General-purpose magnetic flux vector control.
Operation mode is not changed properly.	Turn OFF the start signal (STF or STR). Check if Pr.79 Operation mode selection is set
operation mode is not changed property.	appropriately.
Operation panel display is not operating.	Check the wiring and the installation.
Motor current is large.	Increase/decrease the Pr.0 Torque boost setting value by 0.5% increments so that stall
motor current is large.	prevention does not occur. Set the rated motor frequency to Pr.3 Base frequency.
Speed does not accelerate.	Check the settings of Pr:1 Maximum frequency, Pr.2 Minimum frequency, and calibration parameters
Speed does not accelerate.	C2 to C7. To operate at 120Hz or higher, set Pr.18 High speed maximum frequency.
Unable to write parameter setting.	Check Pr.77 Parameter write selection setting.

* For further information on troubleshooting, refer to the III Instruction Manual (Applied).

9 PRECAUTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The inverter is a static unit mainly consisting of semiconductor devices. Daily inspection must be performed to prevent any fault from occurring due to the adverse effects of the operating environment, such as temperature, humidity, dust, dirt and vibration, changes in the parts with time, service life, and other factors.

REMARKS

• For maintenance/inspection and parts life, also refer to 🛄 the Instruction Manual (Applied).

•Precautions for maintenance and inspection

For some short time after the power is switched OFF, a high voltage remains in the smoothing capacitor. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched OFF, and then make sure that the voltage across the main circuit terminals P/+ and N/- of the inverter is not more than 30VDC using a tester, etc. If "EV" is displayed on the operation panel with FR-E7DS mounted, turn off the 24V external power supply before an inspection.

9.1 Inspection items

Area of	Inspection		pection		In	terval	Corrective Action at Alarm	Customer's
Inspection		Item		Description	Daily	Periodic *2	Occurrence	Clistomers
		rounding vironment		eck the surrounding air temperature, nidity, dirt, corrosive gas, oil mist, etc.	0		Improve environment	
General	Ov	erall unit	Ch	eck for unusual vibration and noise.	0		Check alarm location and retighten	
General		wer supply tage	Che *1	eck that the main circuit voltages are normal.	0		Inspect the power supply	
			(1)	Check with megger (across main circuit terminals and earth (ground) terminal).		0	Contact the manufacturer	
	Ge	neral	(2)	Check for loose screws and bolts.		0	Retighten	
			(3)	Check for overheat traces on the parts.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
			· /	Check for stain.		0	Clean	
	Co	nductors.		Check conductors for distortion.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
		oles	(2)	Check cable sheaths for breakage and deterioration (crack, discoloration, etc.).		0	Contact the manufacturer	
Main circuit	Ter blo	minal ck	Ch	eck for damage.		0	Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
	۶m	oothing	(1)	Check for liquid leakage.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
	Smoothing aluminum electrolytic capacitor			Check for safety valve projection and bulge.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
			(3)	Visual check and judge by the life check of the main circuit capacitor (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)		0		
	Relay		Check that the operation is normal and no chatter is heard.			0	Contact the manufacturer	
	Operation check		(1)	Check that the output voltages across phases with the inverter operated alone is balanced.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
			(2)	Check that no fault is found in protective and display circuits in a sequence protective operation test.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
Control circuit, Protective		Overall	(1)	Check for unusual odor and discoloration.		0	Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
circuit	check			Check for serious rust development.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
	Parts ch	Aluminum	. ,	Check for liquid leakage in a capacitor and deformation trace.		0	Contact the manufacturer	
	Ра	electrolytic capacitor	(2)	Visual check and judge by the life check of the main circuit capacitor (Refer to Chapter 4 of the Instruction Manual (Applied).)		0		
			(1)	Check for unusual vibration and noise.	0		Replace the fan	
0	Co	oling fan	(2)	Check for loose screws and bolts.		0	Fix with the fan cover fixing screws	
Cooling system			(3)	Check for stain.		0	Clean	
System	Но	atsink	(1)	Check for clogging.		0	Clean	
	i iea		(2)	Check for stain.		0	Clean	
	Ind	ication		Check that display is normal.	0		Contact the manufacturer	
Display	mu	Gation	(2)	Check for stain.		0	Clean	
Display	Me	ter		eck that reading is normal.	0		Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	
Load motor	Op che	eration eck		eck for vibration and abnormal increase in aration noise.	0		Stop the device and contact the manufacturer.	

*1 It is recommended to install a device to monitor voltage for checking the power supply voltage to the inverter.

*2 One to two years of periodic inspection cycle is recommended. However, it differs according to the installation environment.

For a periodic inspection, contact your sales representative.

When using the safety stop function, periodic inspection is required to confirm that safety function of the safety system operates correctly.

For more details, refer to the Safety stop function instruction manual (BCN-A211508-004). (Refer to the front cover for how to obtain the manual.)

9.2 **Replacement of parts**

The inverter consists of many electronic parts such as semiconductor devices.

The following parts may deteriorate with age because of their structures or physical characteristics, leading to reduced performance or fault of the inverter. For preventive maintenance, the parts must be replaced periodically. Use the life check function as a guidance of parts replacement.

Part Name Estimated lifespan *1 Description Cooling fan 10 years Replace (as required) Main circuit smoothing capacitor 10 years *2 Replace (as required) 10 years On-board smoothing capacitor Replace the board (as required) Relays _ as required

*1 Estimated lifespan for when the yearly average surrounding air temperature is 40°C (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)

*2 Output current: 80% of the inverter rated current



NOTE

For parts replacement, consult the nearest Mitsubishi FA Center.

10 SPECIFICATIONS

10.1 Rating

• Three-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-E720-DKSC	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
App	blicable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	0.3	0.3 0.6		2.0	3.2	4.4	7.0	9.5	13.1	18.7	23.9
Output	Rated current (A) *7	0.8 (0.8)			5 (4.1)	8 (7)	11 (10)	17.5 (16.5)	24 (23)	33 (31)	47 (44)	60 (57)
Out	Overload current rating *3			15	50% 60s,	200% 3s	(inverse-	-time cha	acteristic	s)		
Ŭ	Rated voltage *4					Three-p	hase 200	to 240V				
	Regenerative braking torque *5	150% 100% 50%			50%	50% 20%						
supply	Rated input AC (DC) voltage/frequency			Three	-phase 2	00 to 240	V 50Hz/6	60Hz (283	to 339V	DC *8)		
Power sup	Permissible AC (DC) voltage fluctuation				170 to 2	64V 50H	z/60Hz (2	240 to 373	SVDC *8)			
Pov	Permissible frequency fluctuation						±5%					
	Power supply capacity (kVA) *6		0.8	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9	12	17	20	28
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)					Enclos	sed type	(IP20).				
Co	oling system		Self-c	ooling				Forc	ed air co	oling		
App	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.7	4.3	4.3	6.5	6.5

• Three-phase 400V power supply

	Model FR-E740-□KSC	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
App	licable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	1.2	1.2 2.0		4.6	7.2	9.1	13.0	17.5	23.0
Output	Rated current (A) *7	1.6 (1.4)			6.0 (5.4)	9.5 (8.7)	12	17	23	30
Out	Overload current rating *3			150% 60	ls, 200% 3	s (inverse-t	ime charac	teristics)		
Ŭ	Rated voltage *4				Three-p	ohase 380	to 480V			
	Regenerative braking torque *5	10	0%	50%			20	1%		
Ņ	Rated input voltage/frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V 50Hz/60Hz								
hpply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	325 to 528V 50Hz/60Hz								
er si	Permissible frequency fluctuation					±5%				
Powe	Permissible frequency fluctuation Power supply capacity (kVA) *6		2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	12	17	20	28
Pro	Protective structure (JEM1030)				Enclo	sed type (I	P20).			
Coo	oling system	Self-c	ooling			For	ced air coo	ling		
App	Approximate mass (kg)		1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	3.2	3.2	6.0	6.0

• Single-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-E720S-DKSC	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2
App	licable motor capacity (kW) *1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2
	Rated capacity (kVA) *2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.0	3.2	4.4
Output	Rated current (A) *7	0.8 (0.8)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.1)	8.0 (7.0)	11.0 (10.0)
Out	Overload current rating *3	15	50% 60s, 20	00% 3s (inv	erse-time cl	naracteristic	cs)
Ŭ	Rated voltage *4		Т	hree-phase	200 to 240	V	
	Regenerative braking torque *5	150% 10			0%	50%	20%
Ŋ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz					
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation		1	170 to 264V	50Hz/60H	z	
ers	Permissible frequency fluctuation			Withir	1 ±5%		
Powe	Permissible frequency fluctuation Power supply capacity (kVA) *6		0.9	1.5	2.5	4.0	5.2
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Enclosed type (IP20)					
Coc	oling system		Self-cooling		For	ced air coo	ling
App	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.4	1.5	2.0

- *1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.
- *2 The rated output capacity assumes the following output voltages: 230V for three-phase 200V/single-phase 200V, and 440V for three-phase 400V.
- *3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load. In a single-phase 200V class inverter with the automatic restart after the instantaneous power failure (*Pr.57*) and the power failure stop (*Pr.261*) functions are set valid, a voltage drop at the power supply and a large load may bring down the bus voltage to the level recognized as a power failure, disabling the inverter to drive a load 100% or higher.
- *4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However, the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about \sqrt{Z} that of the power supply.
- *5 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used. (Option brake resistor cannot be used for 0.1K and 0.2K.)
- *6 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).
- *7 Setting 2kHz or more in Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection to perform low acoustic noise operation with the surrounding air temperature exceeding 40°C, the rated output current is the value in parenthesis.
- Connect DC power supply to terminal P/+ and N/-. Connect the plus side of the power supply to terminal P/+ and minus side to terminal N/-.
 - Since the voltage between P/+ and N/- may increase due to the regeneration energy from the motor and exceeds 415V temporarily, select the DC power supply which can withstand the voltage/energy during regeneration. If using the power supply which can not withstand voltage/energy during regeneration, insert diodes in series for reverse current prevention.
 - Although the FR-E700 series has the built-in inrush current limit circuit, select the DC power supply considering the inrush current at powering ON as the inrush current four times of the rated inverter flows at powering ON.
 - Since the power supply capacity depends on the output impedance of the power, select the power supply capacity which has enough allowance according to the AC power supply system capacity.

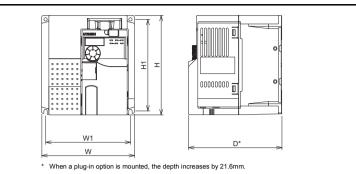
10.2 Common specifications

_	1							
	Control method		Soft-PWM control/high carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, Advanced magnetic flux vector control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control, Optimum excitation control are available)					
	Output frequency ra	ange	0.2 to 400Hz					
pecifications	Frequency setting Analog input resolution		0.06H2/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 10//10-bit) 0.12H2/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 5V/9-bit) 0.6H2/60Hz (terminal4: 0 to 20mA/10-bit)					
ati		Digital input	0.01Hz					
Ϊ	Frequency	Analog input	Within ±0.5% of the max. output frequency (25°C ±10°C)					
bed	accuracy	Digital input	Vithin 0.01% of the set output frequency					
ol s	Voltage/frequency of	haracteristics	se frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz, Constant-torque/variable torque pattern can be selected					
Control	Starting torque		200% or more (at 0.5Hz)when Advanced magnetic flux vector control is set (3.7K or lower)					
S	Torque boost		Aanual torque boost					
	Acceleration/deceler	ration time setting	0.01 to 360s, 0.1 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually), linear or S-pattern acceleration/ deceleration modes are available.					
	DC injection brake		Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), operation voltage (0 to 30%) can be changed.					
	Stall prevention ope	eration level	Operation current level can be set (0 to 200% adjustable), whether to use the function or not can be selected					
Ħ	Surrounding air tem	nperature	-10°C to +50°C (non-freezing) *1					
mei	Ambient humidity		90%RH or less (non-condensing)					
	Storage temperature *2		-20°C to +65°C					
nviron	Atmosphere		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.)					
ш	Altitude/vibration		Maximum 1000m above sea level, 5.9m/s ² or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)					

*1 When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0cm clearance).

*2 Temperatures applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.

10.3 Outline dimension drawings



(Unit:mm)

• Three-phase 200V class

Inverter Type	W	W1	н	H1	D	
FR-E720-0.1KSC						86.5
FR-E720-0.2KSC	68	56			00.5	
FR-E720-0.4KSC	00	50			118.5	
FR-E720-0.75KSC			128	118	138.5	
FR-E720-1.5KSC	108	96			141.5	
FR-E720-2.2KSC	100	50			141.5	
FR-E720-3.7KSC	170	158			148.5	
FR-E720-5.5KSC	180	164			171	
FR-E720-7.5KSC	100	104	260	244	17.1	
FR-E720-11KSC	220	195	200	244	196	
FR-E720-15KSC	220	100			150	

• Three-phase 400V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	Н	H1	D			
FR-E740-0.4KSC					120			
FR-E740-0.75KSC		128			120			
FR-E740-1.5KSC	140		128	128	128			
FR-E740-2.2KSC			150	138	141			
FR-E740-3.7KSC								
FR-E740-5.5KSC		208			153			
FR-E740-7.5KSC	220	200			155			
FR-E740-11KSC	220	195	260	244	196			
FR-E740-15KSC		195	200	244	190			

Single-phase 200V class

Inverter Model	W	W1	н	H1	D				
FR-E720S-0.1KSC					86.5				
FR-E720S-0.2KSC	68	56	56	56	56			00.5	
FR-E720S-0.4KSC			128	118	148.5				
FR-E720S-0.75KSC	108	96			141.5				
FR-E720S-1.5KSC	106	90			167				
FR-E720S-2.2KSC	140	128	150	138	161.5				

APPENDIX

Appendix 1 Instructions for compliance with the EU Directives

The EU Directives are issued to standardize different national regulations of the EU Member States and to facilitate free movement of the equipment, whose safety is ensured, in the EU territory.

Since 1996, compliance with the EMC Directive that is one of the EU Directives has been legally required. Since 1997, compliance with the Low Voltage Directive, another EU Directive, has been also legally required. When a manufacturer confirms its equipment to be compliant with the EMC Directive and the Low Voltage Directive, the manufacturer must declare the conformity and affix the CE marking.

The authorized representative in the EU

The authorized representative in the EU is shown below. Name: Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V. Address: Gothaer Strasse 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany

Note

We declare that this inverter, when equipped with the dedicated EMC filter, conforms with the EMC Directive in industrial environments and affix the CE marking on the inverter. When using the inverter in a residential area, take appropriate measures and ensure the conformity of the inverter used in the residential area.

(1) EMC Directive

We declare that this inverter, when equipped with the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter, conforms with the EMC Directive and affix the CE marking on the inverter.

- EMC Directive: 2004/108/EC
- Standard(s): EN61800-3:2004 (Second environment / PDS Category "C3")

Note: First environment

Environment including residential buildings. Includes building directly connected without a transformer to the low voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

Second environment

Environment including all buildings except buildings directly connected without a transformer to the lower voltage power supply network which supplies power to residential buildings.

- Note
 - * Set the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter to the inverter. Insert line noise filters and ferrite cores to the power and control cables as required.
 - * Connect the inverter to an earthed power supply.
 - Install a motor, the EMC Directive compliant EMC filter, and a control cable according to the instructions written in the EMC Installation Guidelines (BCN-A21041-204). (Please contact your sales representative for the EMC Installation Guidelines.)
 - * The cable length between the inverter and the motor is 5m maximum.
 - * Confirm that the final integrated system with the inverter conforms with the EMC Directive.

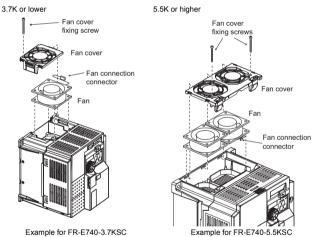
(2) Low Voltage Directive

We have self-confirmed our inverters as products compliant to the Low Voltage Directive (Conforming standard EN 61800-5-1) and affix the CE marking on the inverters.

- Outline of instructions
 - * Do not use an earth leakage circuit breaker as an electric shock protector without connecting the equipment to the earth. Connect the equipment to the earth securely.
 - * Wire the earth (ground) terminal independently. (Do not connect two or more cables to one terminal.)
 - Use the cable sizes on *page 13* under the following conditions.
 Surrounding air temperature: 40°C maximum
 If conditions are different from above, select appropriate wire according to EN60204 ANNEX C TABLE 5.
 - * Use a tinned (plating should not include zinc) crimping terminal to connect the earth cable. When tightening the screw, be careful not to damage the threads.

For use as a product compliant with the Low Voltage Directive, use PVC cable on page 13.

- * Use the moulded case circuit breaker and magnetic contactor which conform to the EN or IEC Standard.
- * When using an earth leakage circuit breaker, use a residual current operated protective device (RCD) of type B (breaker which can detect both AC and DC). If not, provide double or reinforced insulation between the inverter and other equipment, or put a transformer between the main power supply and inverter.
- * Use the inverter under the conditions of overvoltage category II (usable regardless of the earth (ground) condition of the power supply), overvoltage category III (usable with the earthed-neutral system power supply, 400V class only) specified in IEC664.
- •To use the inverter under the conditions of pollution degree 3, install it in the enclosure of IP54 or higher.
- •To use the inverter outside of an enclosure in the environment of pollution degree 2, fix a fan cover with fan cover fixing screws enclosed.



Note, the protection structure of the Inverter units is considered to be an IP00.

*On the input and output of the inverter, use cables of the type and size set forth in EN60204 Appendix C.

*The operating capacity of the relay outputs (terminal symbols A, B, C) should be 30VDC, 0.3A. (Relay output has basic isolation from the inverter internal circuit.)

*Control circuit terminals on page 9 are safely isolated from the main circuit.

*Environment

	Running	In Storage	During Transportation
Ambient Temperature	-10°C to +50°C	-20°C to +65°C	-20°C to +65°C
Humidity	90% RH or less	90% RH or less	90% RH or less
Maximum Altitude	1000m	1000m	10000m

Details are given in the technical information "Low Voltage Directive Conformance Guide" (BCN-A21041-203). Please contact your sales representative.

*Select a UL and cUL certified fuse with Class T fuse equivalent cut-off speed or faster with the appropriate rating for branch circuit protection, or a UL489 molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) in accordance with the table below.

FR-E720-DCKSC		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
Rated fuse voltage(V)			240V or more									
Fuse Maximum allowable rating	Without power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	30	40	60	70	80	150	175
(A)*	With power factor improving reactor	15	15	15	20	20	30	50	60	70	125	150
Molded case circu Maximum allowab	it breaker (MCCB) le rating (A)*	15	15	15	15	20	25	40	60	80	110	150
ED-E7	40-□□KSC	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	т	
		0.4	0.75	1.5				1.5		15	ł	
Rated fuse voltage			480V or more								ļ	
Fuse Maximum allowable rating	Without power factor improving reactor	6	10	15	20	30	40	70	80	90		
(A)*	With power factor improving reactor	6	10	10	15	25	35	60	70	90	Ī	
Molded case circu Maximum allowab	it breaker (MCCB) le rating (A)*	15	15	15	15	20	30	40	50	70	Ī	
											•	
	20S-DDKSC	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2					
Rated fuse voltage	e(V)			240V (or more							
Fuse Maximum allowable rating	Without power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	30	40	60					
(A)*	With power factor improving reactor	15	20	20	20	30	50	1				
Molded case circu	it breaker (MCCB)	15	15	15	20	25	40	1				

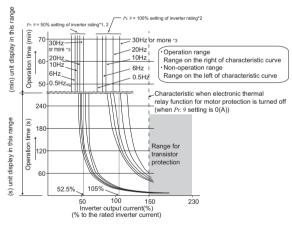
15 * Maximum allowable rating by US National Electrical Code.Exact size must be chosen for each installation.

15 15 20 25 40

*When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to Pr. 9 "Electronic thermal O/L relav".

Maximum allowable rating (Å)*

Electronic thermal relay function operation characteristic



This function detects the overload (overheat) of the motor, stops the operation of the inverter's output transistor, and stops the output.

- (The operation characteristic is shown on the
- left.) When using the Mitsubishi constant-torque motor
 - 1) Set "1" or any of "13" to "16", "50", "53", "54" in Pr. 71. (This provides a 100% continuous torque characteristic in the low-speed range.)
 - 2) Set the rated current of the motor in Pr. 9.
- When a value 50% of the inverter rated output *1 current (current value) is set in Pr. 9
- *2 The % value denotes the percentage to the inverter rated output current. It is not the percentage to the motor rated current.
- *3 When you set the electronic thermal relay function dedicated to the Mitsubishi constanttorgue motor, this characteristic curve applies to operation at 6Hz or higher.

*Short circuit ratings

· 200V class

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 5 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 264 V Maximum. · 400V class

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 5 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 528 V Maximum.

Appendix 2 Instructions for UL and cUL

(Standard to comply with: UL 508C, CSA C22.2 No. 14)

1. General Precaution

The bus capacitor discharge time is 10 minutes. Before starting wiring or inspection, switch power off, wait for more than 10 minutes, and check for residual voltage between terminal P/+ and N/- with a meter etc., to avoid a hazard of electrical shock.

2. Installation

Inverter have been approved as products for use in enclosure and approval tests were conducted under the following conditions. Design the enclosure so that the surrounding air temperature, humidity and ambience of the inverter will satisfy the above specifications.

Wiring protection

For installation in the United States, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes.

For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. As specified on *page 51*, UL Class T fuses or any faster acting fuse with the appropriate rating or Listed UL 489 Molded Case Circuit Breaker (MCCB) must be employed.

3. Short circuit ratings

· 200V class

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 100 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 264 V Maximum.

400V class

Suitable For Use in A Circuit Capable of Delivering Not More Than 100 kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 528 V Maximum.

4. Wiring

For wiring the input (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) and output (U, V, W) terminals of the inverter, use the UL Listed copper, stranded wires (rated at 75°C) and round crimping terminals. Crimp the crimping terminals with the crimping tool recommended by the terminal maker.

5. Motor overload protection

When using the electronic thermal relay function as motor overload protection, set the rated motor current to Pr. 9 "Electronic thermal O/L relay". (Refer to page 51)



· Safety stop function is not certified by UL.

MEMO

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Date	*Manual Number	Revision
Feb. 2011	IB(NA)-0600458ENG-A	First edition

A For Maximum Safety

- Mitsubishi inverters are not designed or manufactured to be used in equipment or systems in situations that can affect or endanger human life.
- When considering this product for operation in special applications such as machinery or systems used in
 passenger transportation, medical, aerospace, atomic power, electric power, or submarine repeating
 applications, please contact your nearest Mitsubishi sales representative.
- Although this product was manufactured under conditions of strict quality control, you are strongly advised to
 install safety devices to prevent serious accidents when it is used in facilities where breakdowns of the product
 are likely to cause a serious accident.
- Please do not use this product for loads other than three-phase induction motors.

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